Higher geometry of charged dynamics

Study Team: Kuba Filipek, Damian Kayzer, Piotr Schmidt, Jan Turczynowicz Supervisor: Rafał R. Suszek





• To understand which geometric structures describe dynamics of charged particles in non-contractible spacetime.

Ξ.

Initial data:

- $m \in \mathbb{R}_+$, $q \in \mathbb{R}$ (mass and charge of particle)
- Riemannian manifold (M,g) (spacetime and gravitational field)
- Closed 2-form F (electromagnetic field)

What we seek for:

 \bullet Action functional S such that principle of stationary action recover Lorentz force formula:

$$mg_{\lambda\mu}\left(\ddot{x}^{\mu}+\Gamma^{\mu}_{\nu\rho}\dot{x}^{\nu}\dot{x}^{\rho}\right)=qF_{\lambda\mu}\dot{x}^{\mu}$$

• If global potential $A \in \Omega^1(M)$: dA = F exists:

$$S[x] = \frac{m}{2} \int_{[t_0, t_1]} x^* g(\partial_\tau, \partial_\tau) \mathrm{d}\tau + q \int_{[t_0, t_1]} x^* A$$

or in coordinates:

$$S[x] = \frac{m}{2} \int_{[t_0, t_1]} g_{\mu\nu} \dot{x}^{\mu} \dot{x}^{\nu} \mathrm{d}\tau + q \int_{[t_0, t_1]} A_{\mu} \dot{x}^{\mu} \mathrm{d}\tau$$

 $\bullet\,$ what if such potential doesn't exist, what might be the case if M is not contractible

э

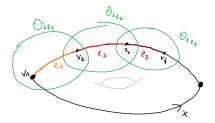
• choose good cover $\{\mathcal{O}_i\}$ (intersections $\mathcal{O}_{i_1} \cap \ldots \cap \mathcal{O}_{i_n}$ are contractible)

2

- choose good cover $\{\mathcal{O}_i\}$ (intersections $\mathcal{O}_{i_1} \cap \ldots \cap \mathcal{O}_{i_n}$ are contractible)
- choose local potentials $A_i \in \Omega^1(\mathcal{O}_i)$: $dA_i = F \upharpoonright_{O_i}$

æ

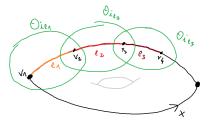
- choose good cover $\{\mathcal{O}_i\}$ (intersections $\mathcal{O}_{i_1} \cap \ldots \cap \mathcal{O}_{i_n}$ are contractible)
- choose local potentials $A_i \in \Omega^1(\mathcal{O}_i)$: $dA_i = F \upharpoonright_{O_i}$
- take loop $x \in \mathcal{C}^{\infty}(S^1, M)$ and choose its tesselation $\Delta = E \cup V$ (edges + vertices) subordinate to $\{\mathcal{O}_i\}$



æ

- choose good cover $\{\mathcal{O}_i\}$ (intersections $\mathcal{O}_{i_1} \cap \ldots \cap \mathcal{O}_{i_n}$ are contractible)
- choose local potentials $A_i \in \Omega^1(\mathcal{O}_i)$: $dA_i = F \upharpoonright_{\mathcal{O}_i}$
- take loop $x \in \mathcal{C}^{\infty}(S^1, M)$ and choose its tesselation $\Delta = E \cup V$ (edges + vertices) subordinate to $\{\mathcal{O}_i\}$
- choose functions $f_{ij} \in \mathcal{C}^{\infty}(\mathcal{O}_i \cap \mathcal{O}_j) : df_{ij} = (A_j A_i) \upharpoonright_{\mathcal{O}_i \cap \mathcal{O}_j}$ and action functional is:

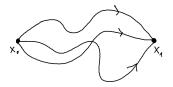
$$S[x] = \frac{m}{2} \int_{S^1} x^* g(\partial_\tau, \partial_\tau) \mathrm{d}\tau + q \sum_{e \in E} \left(\int_e (x \restriction_e)^* A_{i_e} + \sum_{v \in \partial e} \varepsilon_{ev} f_{i_e i_v} \circ x(v) \right)$$



We went through

- \bullet Dirac's heuristic argument for link between quantum amplitude and $e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} {\cal S}}$
- Feynman's heuristic derivation of path integral formulation

$$\langle x_1 | e^{-\frac{it}{\hbar}\hat{H}} | x_0 \rangle = \int_{\substack{x(0)=x_0\\x(t)=x_1}} e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}S[x]} \mathcal{D}x$$



What are we going to do

- QM requirement of $e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}S}$ to be well defined implies Dirac quantization condition
- circle/complex line bundle structure induced by additional term and connection (F curvature)
- geometric quantization
- Čech-De-Rham bi-complex
- characteristic classes
- $\bullet \ S$ for open curves
- $\bullet\,$ symmetry of S