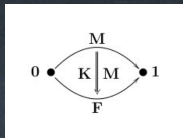


# 1001 TRICKS with CHARACTER(S)

- A CASE for SIMPLICIAL MECHANICS sliced by CATEGORIZED CORRESPONDENCES

RAFAŁ R. SUZEK



THE TRANS-CARPATHIAN SEMINAR  
ON GEOMETRY & PHYSICS

17/4/2024



MAURIN'S  
SCHOOL

PUSZ

THE SZCZYRBAS

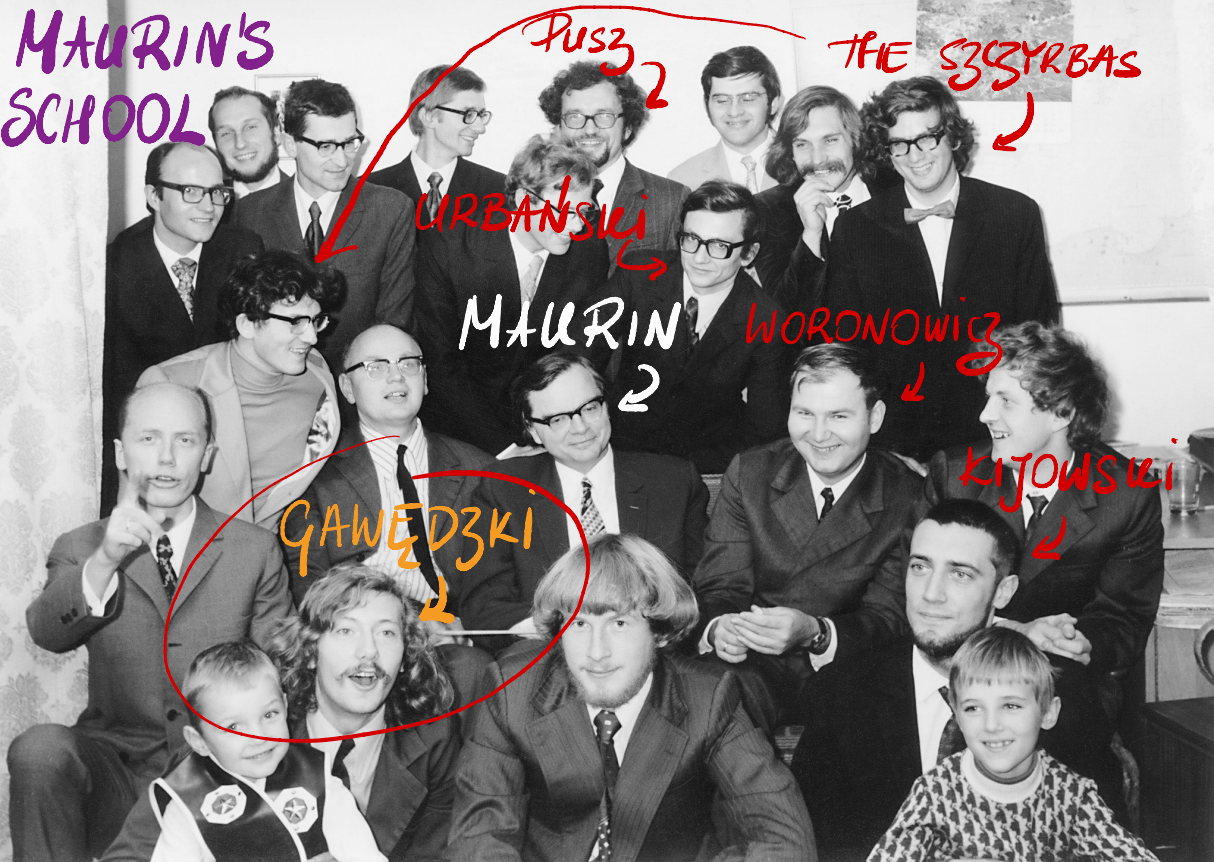
URBANSKI

MAURIN

WORONOWICZ

KIJOWSKI

GAWĘDZKI



# THE SMOOTH PARADIGM

SMOOTH CONFIGURATION BUNDLE  $\overline{\mathcal{F}}$

$$\mathcal{B} : g, F = dA, \dots$$

SMOOTH (TENSORIAL)  
BACKGROUND

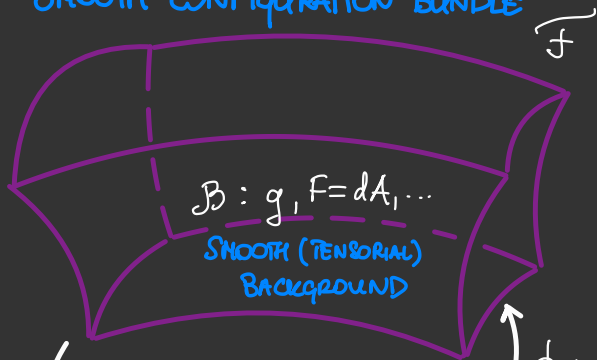
'SMOOTH'  
ACTION

$$\phi \mapsto S[\phi]$$

SMOOTH  
FIELD

$\pi_{\overline{\mathcal{F}}}$

SMOOTH SPACETIME  $\Sigma$



# THE SMOOTH PARADIGM

SMOOTH CONFIGURATION BUNDLE  $\overline{\mathcal{F}}$

$\mathcal{B} : g, F = dA_1, \dots$   
SMOOTH (TENSORIAL)  
BACKGROUND

'SMOOTH'  
ACTION

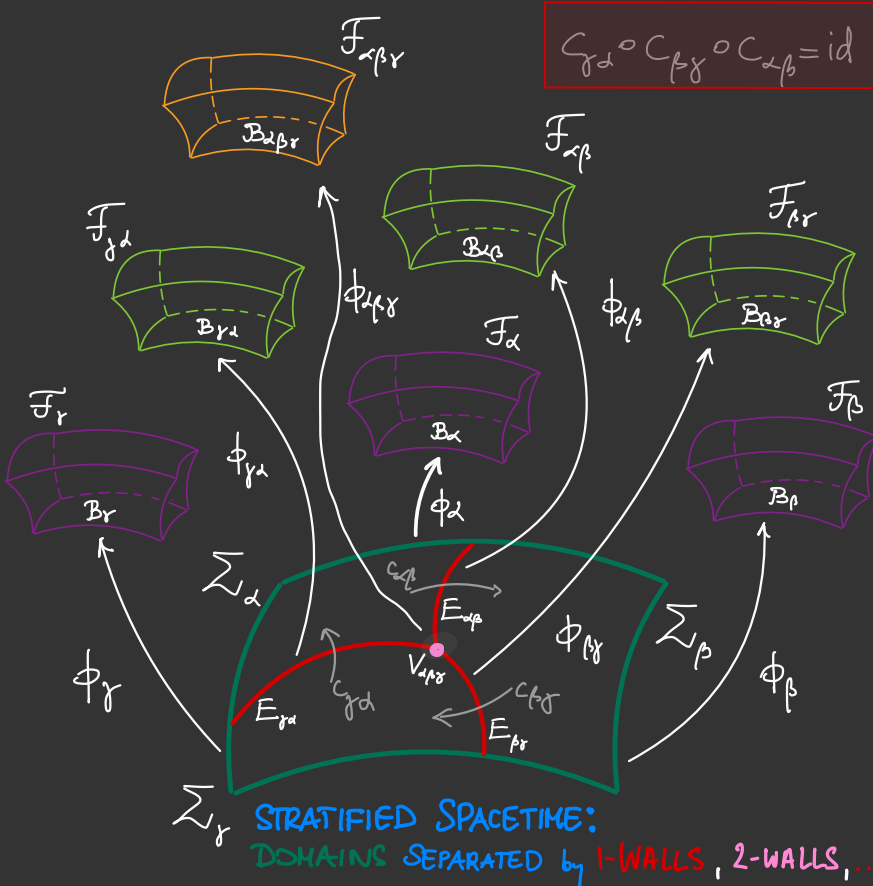
SMOOTH  
FIELD

SMOOTH SPACETIME  $\Sigma$

# VS SIMPLICIAL DESCENT via GLUING

(a) DOMAIN WALLS

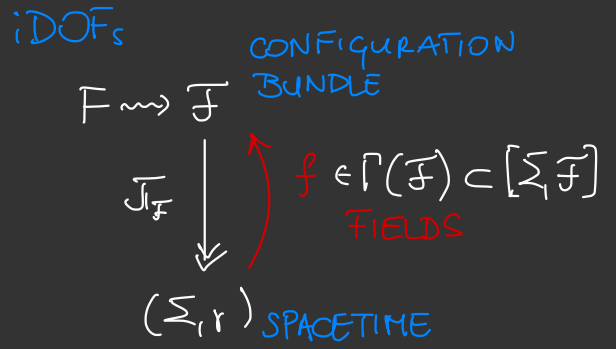
$$C_{\gamma\alpha} \circ C_{\beta\gamma} \circ C_{\alpha\beta} = \text{id}$$





# I THE SMOOTH PARADIGM in LFT, & THE PROSE of IT

## THE PARADIGM:



$$S : \Gamma(\mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$L = \int_{\Sigma} \mathcal{L} \circ T$$

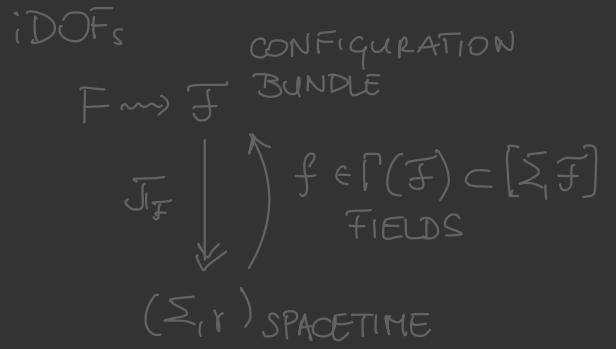
LAGRANGIAN ACTION FUNCTIONAL



[MOUÏÈRE]

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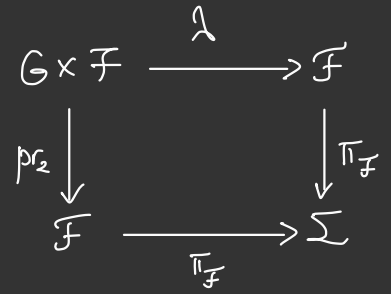
$$S : \Gamma(\mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\int_{\Sigma} \mathcal{L} \circ T \quad \text{LAGRANGIAN ACTION FUNCTIONAL}$$



[MOUTÈRE]

GLOBAL SYMMETRIES  
(GROUP-LIKE)



G - GROUP OBJECT  
in Set, Top, Man...

$$\forall h \in G : \Gamma \lambda_h^* S = S$$

TYPICALLY :  $\mathcal{F} = \Sigma \times F$   
 $\Gamma(\mathcal{F}) \equiv [\Sigma, F]$

$$S[\lambda_h \circ \phi] = S[\phi]$$

# THE PROSE of IT

(i) NON-LINEAR REALISATIONS of SYMMETRY

HAVE  $(\Sigma, \mathcal{F}, S, G)$  &  $\phi_0 \in \Gamma(\mathcal{F})$ , with  $G_{\phi_0} = H$ , ASSUME  $\mathfrak{g} \underset{\text{Lie } H}{=} \mathfrak{h} \oplus \mathfrak{k} : [\mathfrak{h}, \mathfrak{k}]_{\mathfrak{g}} \subset \mathfrak{k}$  REDUCTIVITY

WANT: MODEL of MANIFESTLY G-INVARIANT DYNAMICS 'around'  $\phi_0$ ,  
with ELEMENTARY CONFIGURATION FIBRE  $\sim G/H$

# THE PROSE of IT

## (i) NON-LINEAR REALISATIONS of SYMMETRY

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Lie G      REDUCTIVITY  
Lie H

WANT: MODEL of MANIFESTLY G-INVARIANT DYNAMICS 'around'  $\phi_0$ ,  
 with ELEMENTARY CONFIGURATION FIBRE  $\sim G/H$

H-BASIC G-INVARIANTS :  $\tau \circ (P_{\mathfrak{k}}^{\mathfrak{h}} \circ \Theta_L)^{\otimes n}$  with  $\tau \in (\mathfrak{g}^* \otimes n)^{H\text{-inv}}$   
on G

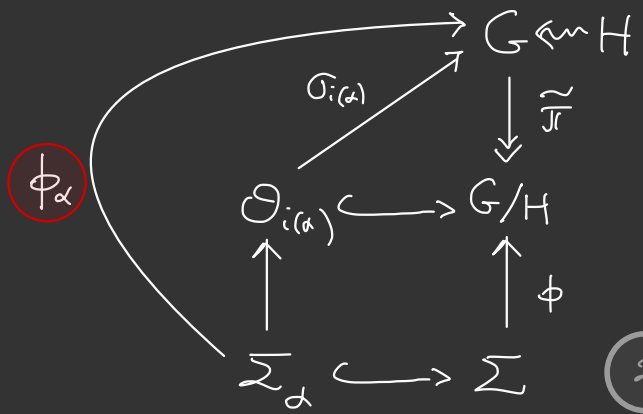
$\Theta_L = \delta_L \log id_G$

$\Sigma \times G/H$

PULLBACK ALONG

PIECEWISE SMOOTH FIELDS

into  $\bigsqcup_{i \in I} \sigma_i(\sigma_i) =: F$



OBSERVATIONS :

(\*) CONTRIBUTIONS from the  $\Sigma_d$  GLUE SMOOTHLY

(\*\*) RESULT INDEPENDENT of CHOICE  $\sigma_i$

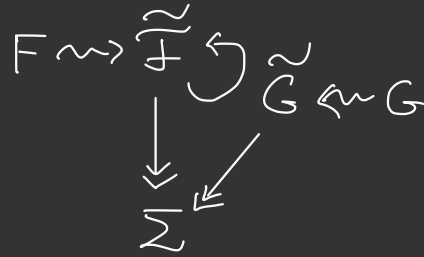
UPSHOT : WELL-DEFINED LFT for  $[\Sigma, G/H]$  with GLOBAL SYMMETRY  $G$ ,  
REALISED 'NON-LINEARLY' :

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 G \times F & \longrightarrow & F \\
 (h, \sigma_i(x)) & \longmapsto & \sigma_{j(x,h)} \left( \tilde{\pi}(h \cdot \sigma_i(x)) \right) \cdot \underset{\substack{H \\ \downarrow}}{h_{ji}(x,h)}^{-1} \\
 & & \text{COMPENSATING GAUGE TRFO}
 \end{array}$$



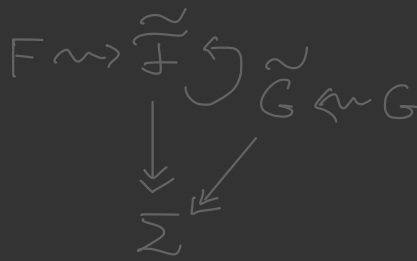
## (ii) GAUGING via DEFECTS

IDEA: REPLACE  $\mathcal{F} \curvearrowright \mathcal{G}$  with

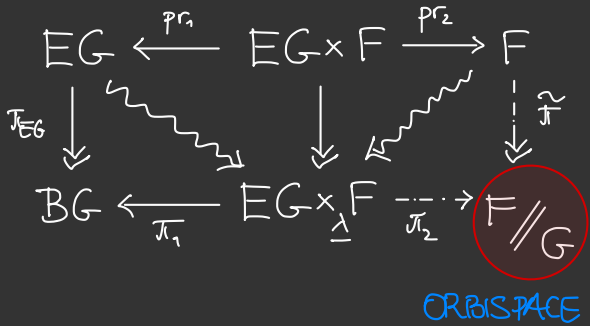


# (ii) GAUGING via DEFECTS

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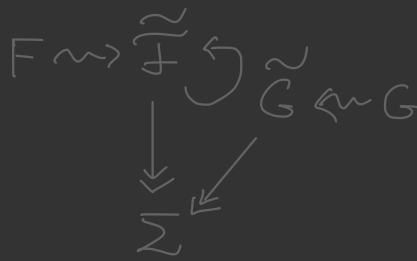


Tool: CARTAN(-BOREL) MIXING DIAGRAM

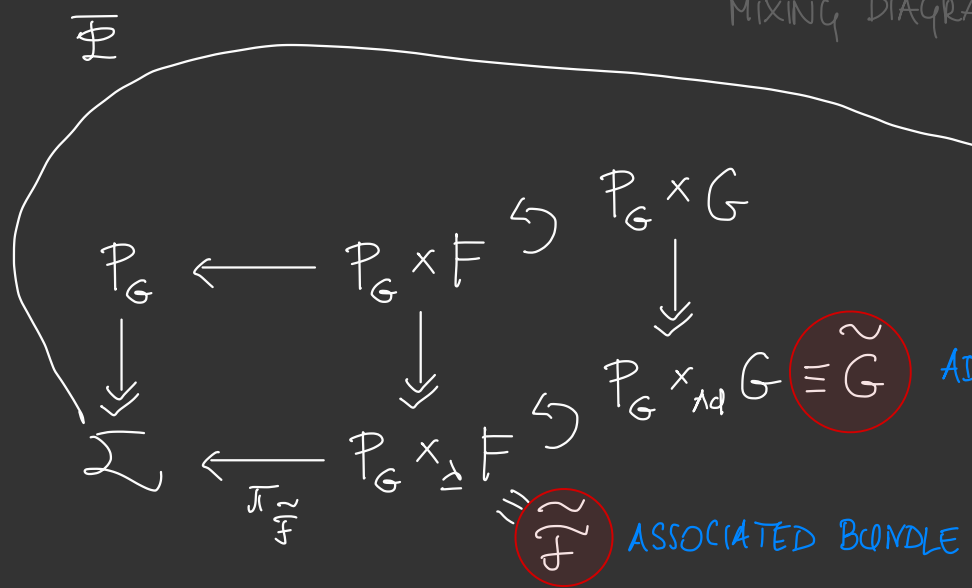
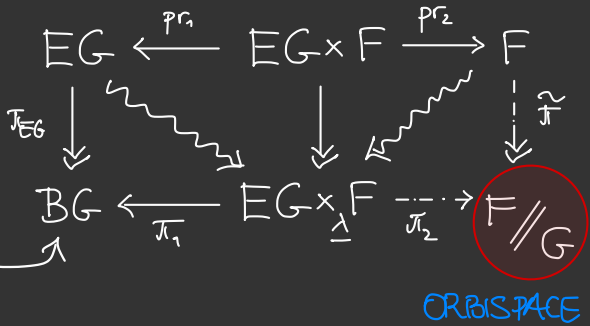


# (ii) GAUGING via DEFECTS

IDEA: REPLACE  $F \curvearrowright G$  with



TOOL: CARTAN (-BOREL) MIXING DIAGRAM



ADJOINT BUNDLE  $AdP_G \equiv P_G \times_{Ad} G$

$$P_G \times_{\Delta} F \equiv (P_G \times F) // G$$

INTERPRETATION:  $\Gamma(\mathcal{P}_G \times_{\Delta} F)$  FIELDS  
 $\curvearrowright$   $\Gamma(\text{Ad}\mathcal{P}_G)$  GAUGE GROUP

UNWIELDY!

INTERPRETATION:  $\Gamma(\mathcal{P}_G \times_{\Delta} F)$  FIELDS

$\curvearrowright$   
 $\Gamma(\text{Ad}\mathcal{P}_G)$  GAUGE GROUP

UNWIELDY!

12

LOCAL GAUGES

$\forall \sigma_{\alpha} \in \Gamma(\mathcal{P}_G|_{\Sigma_{\alpha}})$ :

$$\phi_{\alpha} = \sigma_{\alpha}^* \phi : \Sigma_{\alpha} \rightarrow F$$

$\cong \curvearrowright$

$$\gamma_{\alpha} = \sigma_{\alpha}^* \gamma : \Sigma_{\alpha} \rightarrow G$$

LOCAL PRESENTATION

CONVENIENT REPACKAGING:

$$\text{Hom}_G(\mathcal{P}_G, F) \ni \phi$$

FIELDS

$$\curvearrowright$$
  
$$\text{Hom}_G(\mathcal{P}_G, G) \ni \gamma$$

with GLUING RULES:  
 $\forall x \in \Sigma_{\alpha\beta}$

$$\phi_{\alpha}(x) = \lambda_{g_{\alpha\beta}(x)}(\phi_{\beta}(x))$$

$$\gamma_{\alpha}(x) = \text{Ad}_{g_{\alpha\beta}(x)}(\gamma_{\beta}(x))$$



INTERPRETATION:  $\Gamma(\mathcal{P}_G \times_{\Sigma} F)$  FIELDS  
 $\uparrow$   
 $\Gamma(\text{Ad} \mathcal{P}_G)$  GAUGE GROUP  
 |}

UNWIELDY!

LOCAL GAUGES

$$\forall \sigma_{\alpha} \in \Gamma(\mathcal{P}_G|_{\Sigma_{\alpha}}):$$

$$\phi_{\alpha} = \sigma_{\alpha}^* \phi : \Sigma_{\alpha} \rightarrow F$$

$\cong \circ \uparrow$

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LOCAL PRESENTATION

with GLUING RULES:  $\phi_{\alpha}(x) = \lambda_{g_{\alpha\beta}(x)}(\phi_{\beta}(x))$   
 $\text{at } x \in \Sigma_{\alpha\beta}$

$$\gamma_{\alpha}(x) = \text{Ad}_{g_{\alpha\beta}(x)}(\gamma_{\beta}(x))$$

UPSHOT: MAY SUBSTITUTE  $f \rightsquigarrow \{\phi_{\alpha}\}_{\alpha \in A}$

IN THE ORIGINAL LFT, & CORRECT THE LATTER MINIMALLY...

FOR DYNAMICAL FIELDS, NEED: EHRESMANN CONNECTION on  $P_G \times_{\Sigma} F$   
 (INDUCED from PRINCIPAL ONE on  $P_G$ )

FOR  $Tf \mapsto \nabla f \mapsto \mathcal{D}_{A_\alpha} \phi_\alpha = \overline{T}\phi_\alpha + \overline{T}\lambda(t_{a_i} \partial_{T\phi_\alpha}) A_\alpha^a$ ,  $A_\alpha = \sigma_\alpha^* A$   
LOC.  
 $\subseteq : \mathcal{K}_\alpha(\phi_\alpha)$   
 $A_\alpha^a \otimes t_a \in \Omega^1(\Sigma_\alpha) \otimes_{\mathbb{R}} \mathfrak{g}$

IF  $(\Sigma, F, S, G)$  IS TENSORIAL, THEN THIS IS IT...  
 FUNDAMENTAL VECTOR FIELDS  
 $t_a, \lambda$

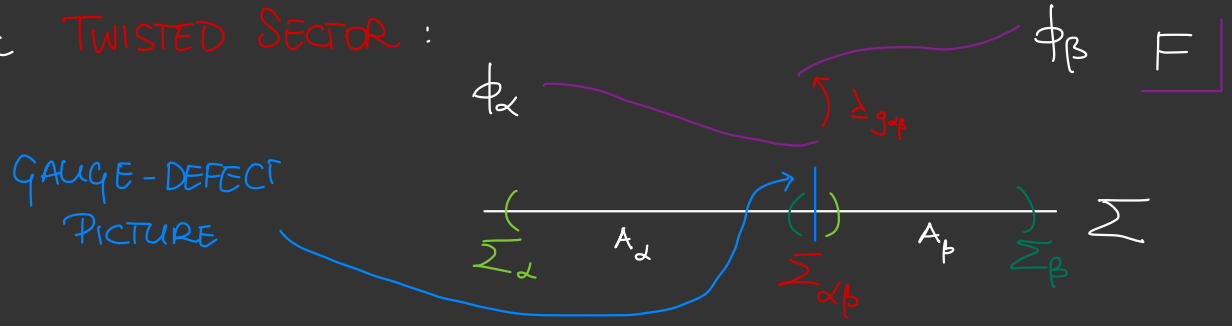
FOR DYNAMICAL FIELDS, NEED: EHRESMANN CONNECTION on  $\mathbb{P}_G \times_{\Delta} F$   
 (INDUCED from PRINCIPAL ONE on  $\mathbb{P}_G$ )

FOR  $Tf \rightarrow \nabla f \rightarrow D_{A_\alpha} \phi_\alpha = \overline{T}\phi_\alpha + \overline{T}\lambda(t_{a1} \partial_{T\phi_\alpha}) A_\alpha^a$ ,  $A_\alpha = \sigma_\alpha^* A^\alpha$   
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IF  $(\Sigma, F, S, G)$  IS TENSORIAL, THEN THIS IS IT...  
 FUNDAMENTAL VECTOR FIELDS  
 $\leftrightarrow \lambda$

UPSHOT: MODEL of LFT with iDOFs  $F//G$  USING FIELD IDENTIFICATIONS

& TWISTED SECTOR:



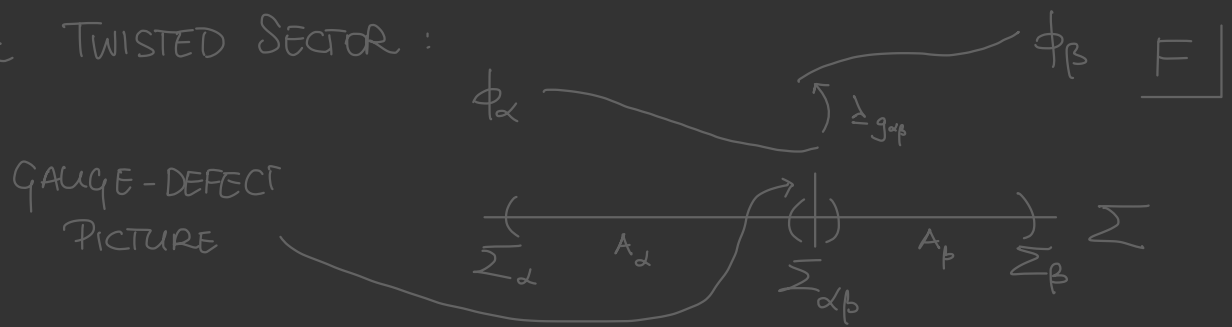
FOR DYNAMICAL FIELDS, NEED: FRESMANN CONNECTION on  $\mathbb{P}_G \times_{\Delta} F$   
 (INDUCED from PRINCIPAL ONE on  $\mathbb{P}_G$ )

FOR  $Tf \xrightarrow{m} \nabla f \xrightarrow{m} \mathcal{D}_{A_\alpha} \phi_\alpha = \overline{T}\phi_\alpha + \overline{T}\lambda(t_{a1} \partial_{T\phi_\alpha}) A_\alpha^a$ ,  $A_\alpha^a = \sigma_\alpha^{*k} A^k$   
 $\mathcal{D}_{A_\alpha} \phi_\alpha \in \mathcal{K}_\alpha(\phi_\alpha)$ ,  $A_\alpha^a \otimes t_a \in \Omega^1(\Sigma_\alpha) \otimes_{\mathbb{R}} \mathfrak{g}$

IF  $(\Sigma, F, S, G)$  IS TENSORIAL, THEN THIS IS IT...  
 FUNDAMENTAL VECTOR FIELDS  $t_a \hat{=}$

UPSHOT: MODEL of LFT with iDOFs  $F//G$  USING FIELD IDENTIFICATIONS

& TWISTED SECTOR:



OBSERVATIONS: (\*) DECOMPOSITION of  $\Sigma$  into DOMAINS  $\Sigma_\alpha$ , DOMAIN-WISE SMOOTH FIELDS  $\phi_\alpha$

(\*\*) NEED EXTRA DATA: LOCALLY SMOOTH  $A_\alpha$

(A PINCH of) ABSTRACTION: THE LOCALLY SMOOTH 'BACKGROUND' IS...

ČECH NERVE of  $\{\Sigma_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in A}$

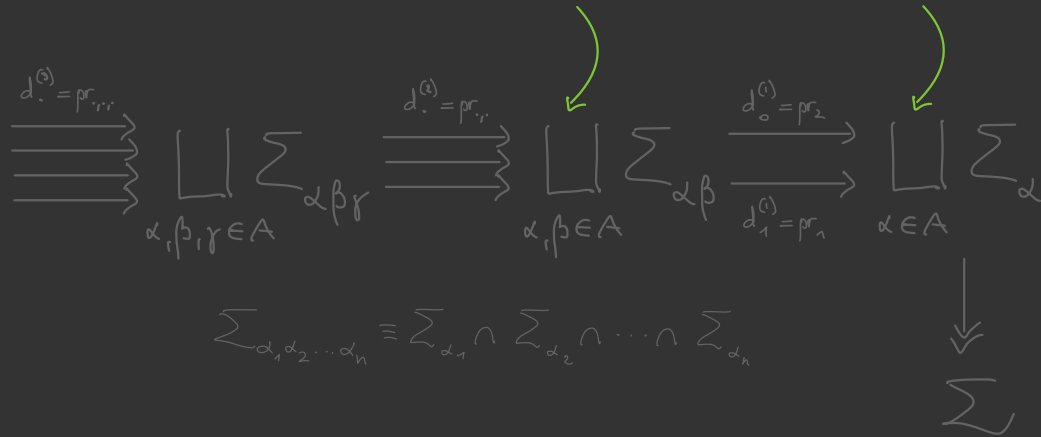
$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 \xrightarrow{d_0^{(1)} = pr_{1,r}} \\
 \xrightarrow{\quad \quad \quad} \\
 \xrightarrow{\quad \quad \quad} \\
 \xrightarrow{\quad \quad \quad}
 \end{array}
 \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in A} \Sigma_{\alpha\beta\gamma}
 \xrightarrow{d_1^{(1)} = pr_{1,r}}
 \coprod_{\alpha, \beta \in A} \Sigma_{\alpha\beta}
 \xrightarrow[\substack{d_0^{(1)} = pr_2 \\ d_1^{(1)} = pr_1}]{\quad \quad \quad}
 \coprod_{\alpha \in A} \Sigma_\alpha \\
 \\
 \Sigma_{\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \dots \alpha_n} \equiv \Sigma_{\alpha_1} \cap \Sigma_{\alpha_2} \cap \dots \cap \Sigma_{\alpha_n} \\
 \\
 \downarrow \\
 \Sigma
 \end{array}$$



(A PINCH OF) ABSTRACTION: THE LOCALLY SMOOTH 'BACKGROUND' IS...

SIMPLICIAL 1-FORM on ČECH NERVE of  $\{\Sigma_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in A}$

$$\check{g} = \bigsqcup_{\alpha, \beta \in A} g_{\alpha\beta} \quad \check{A} = \bigsqcup_{\alpha \in A} A_\alpha$$



with PROPERTIES:  $\begin{cases} \Delta^{(1)} \check{A} = \text{id} \log \check{g} \\ \Delta^{(2)} \check{g} = 1 \end{cases}$  WRITTEN with  $\Delta^{(n)} = \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k d_k^{(n)*}$

[DUPONT]

# I NATURAL INGREDIENTS of SIMPLICIAL MECHANICS: TOPOLOGY, SYMMETRY & CHARGE

GOAL: RIGOROUS MODELLING of GEODESIC DYNAMICS of EXTENDED DISTRIBUTIONS of CHARGE

MOTIVATION: EFFECTIVE LFT of COLLECTIVE EXCITATIONS in SPIN CHAINS; 2d CFT; (SUPER-)STRING THEORY; EMERGENT NCG etc.;  
ANALOGOUS STRUCTURES in CS, BF ...

DYNAMICS: FOR  $x \in [\Sigma, M]$  into  $M$  with  $g \in \Gamma(T^*M \otimes T^*M)$  METRIC  
over  $\Sigma$ :  $\dim \Sigma = D+1$   $H \in \mathcal{L}_{\mathbb{R}}^{D+2}(M)$  CHARGE FIELD

$$\overset{\text{GRAVITATIONAL CHARGE}}{\mu} \underset{\text{GEODESIC (MINIMAL) EMBEDDING}}{\text{Geod}}(x(\Sigma), g) = \overset{\text{TOPOLOGICAL CHARGE}}{g} \underset{\text{LORENTZ-TYPE DISTORTION}}{\text{Vol}}(x(\Sigma))^* \lrcorner H \quad \text{FIELD EQUATIONS}$$

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GEODESIC (MINIMAL) EMBEDDING

LORENTZ-TYPE DISTORTION

$$\mathcal{L}_g(Tx) = -\mu \sqrt{\det(x^*g)}$$

OR

$$-\frac{\mu}{2} \|Tx\|_{g,x}^2$$

SET  $(\mu, g) = (1, 1)$

$$\mathcal{L}_H(Tx) = g x^* d^{-1}H$$

III

$$\mathcal{L}_{W_3}(Tx)$$

AHARONOV-BOHM - TYPE PHENOMENA CALL FOR WELL-DEFINED

$$A_{DF} : [\Sigma, M] \rightarrow U(1) : x \mapsto \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{\Sigma} \mathcal{L}_g(Tx)\right) \cdot \chi_{W_3}(x(\Sigma)) \text{ for } \Sigma \in \partial^i \phi$$

[DIRAC]

SUBJECT TO CONSTRAINTS:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \chi_{W_3}(x_1(\Sigma_1) \sqcup x_2(\Sigma_2)) \stackrel{!}{=} \chi_{W_3}(x_1(\Sigma_1)) \cdot \chi_{W_3}(x_2(\Sigma_2)) \quad \text{FACTORISATION OF PROBABILITY} \\ \chi_{W_3}(\partial\Omega) \stackrel{!}{=} \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{\Omega} H\right) \quad \text{EL (NO BC'S YET)} \end{array} \right.$$

(chS)

AMARONOV-BOHM-TYPE PHENOMENA CALL FOR WELL-DEFINED

$$A_{DF} : [\Sigma, M] \rightarrow U(1) : x \mapsto \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{\Sigma} \mathcal{L}_g(Tx)\right) \cdot \chi_{W_3}(x(\Sigma)) \text{ for } \Sigma \in \partial^{-1}\phi$$

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$\Rightarrow \chi_{W_3}$  IS A CHEEGER-SIMONS DIFFERENTIAL CHARACTER:

$$(\chi_{W_3}, H) \in \left\{ (\psi, h) \in \text{Hom}_{\text{AbGrp}}(\mathcal{L}_{D+1}(M), U(1)) \times \mathcal{L}_{dr}^{D+2}(M) \mid \text{(CHS)} \right\} \equiv \hat{H}^{D+1}(M, U(1)),$$

TERMED VOLUME HOLONOMY, ALONG  $x(\Sigma) \in \mathcal{L}_{D+1}(M)$ , OF...



D-GERBE  $\mathcal{G}^{(D)}$  of CURVATURE  $\text{curv}(\mathcal{G}^{(D)}) = H$ , e.g., FOR  $D=1$ ,  $\mathcal{G}^{(1)} \equiv \mathcal{G}$ :

III

SIMPLICIAL  $\mathbb{C}^x$ -BUNDLE  
over

$N_\bullet(Y^{[2]}M \rightrightarrows YM)$  : . . .  $Y^{[4]}M$

NERVE OF M-FIBRED  
PAIR GROUPOID of YM

$(Y^{[N]}M = \underbrace{YM \times_M YM \times_M \dots \times_M YM}_{N \text{ TIMES}})$

$$\Delta/\mu_L = 1$$

$$\mu_L : \Delta^{(2)}L \approx 1$$

$$\mathbb{C}^x \rightsquigarrow L, A_L$$

$$\pi_L^* \Delta^{(1)}B = dA_L$$

$$d^{(3)} = pr_{r,r}$$



$$Y^{[3]}M$$

$$d^{(4)} = pr_{r,r}$$



$$Y^{[2]}M$$

$$d^{(1)} = pr_2$$

$$d^{(1)} = pr_1$$

$$YM, B$$

$$\pi_{YM}^* H = dB$$

$$\pi_{YM}$$

$$M, H$$

D-GERBE  $\mathcal{G}^{(D)}$  of CURVATURE  $\text{curv}(\mathcal{G}^{(D)}) = H$ , e.g., FOR  $D=1$ ,  $\mathcal{G}^{(1)} \equiv \mathcal{G}$ :

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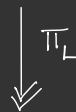
$$d_i^{(3)} = \text{pr}_{i,r}$$

$$\mu_L: \Delta^{(2)}L \approx 1$$



$$d_i^{(2)} = \text{pr}_i$$

$$\mathbb{C}^x \rightsquigarrow L, A_L$$



$$d_0^{(1)} = \text{pr}_2$$

$$d_1^{(1)} = \text{pr}_1$$

$$\pi_L^* \Delta^{(1)}B = dA_L$$

$$YM, B$$



$$\pi_{YM}^* H = dB$$

$$M, H$$

e.g.,  $I_B = (M, B, M \times \mathbb{C}^x, \text{pr}_2^* \theta_L, 1)$

TRIVIAL GERBE

D-GERBE  $\mathcal{G}^{(D)}$  of CURVATURE  $\text{curv}(\mathcal{G}^{(D)}) = H$ , e.g., FOR  $D=1$ ,  $\mathcal{G}^{(1)} \equiv \mathcal{G}$ :

III

SIMPLICIAL  $\mathbb{C}^\times$ -BUNDLE  
over

$N_\bullet(Y^{[2]}M \rightrightarrows YM)$ :

NERVE OF M-FIBRED  
PAIR GROUPOID of YM

$(Y^{[2]}M = \underbrace{YM \times_M YM \times_M \dots \times_M YM}_N)$

$$\Delta \mu_L = 1$$

$$\mu_L: \Delta^{(2)}L \simeq 1$$

$$\mathbb{C}^\times \curvearrowright L, A_L$$

$$\pi_L^* \Delta^{(1)}B = dA_L$$

$$d_0^{(3)} = \text{pr}_{1,1}$$

$$d_0^{(2)} = \text{pr}_1$$

$$d_0^{(1)} = \text{pr}_2$$

$$d_1^{(1)} = \text{pr}_1$$

YIELDS

$$\chi_{w_3} \equiv \text{Hol}_{\mathcal{G}}$$

$$\pi_{YM}^* H = dB$$

$$M, H$$

e.g.,  $\mathcal{I}_B = (M, B, M \times \mathbb{C}^\times, \text{pr}_2^* \theta_L, 1)$

TRIVIAL GERBE

$$\mathcal{G} = (YM, B, L, A_L, \mu_L)$$

GEOMETRIZES...

$$\Delta.(\Sigma) : \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in A} V_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \xrightarrow{d_0^{(1)} = pr_1} \coprod_{\alpha, \beta \in A} E_{\alpha\beta} \xrightarrow{d_0^{(1)} = pr_2} \coprod_{\alpha \in A} \Sigma_{\alpha} \left( \longrightarrow \Sigma \right)$$

SIMPLICIAL  
STRATIFIED  
SPACETIME

$$\hat{X} \equiv (x, z) \quad \downarrow \times \quad \downarrow \times \quad \downarrow z \quad \downarrow \times$$

$$\check{N}_\bullet(\sigma) : \coprod_{i, j, k \in I} \sigma_{ijk} \xrightarrow{h_{d_0^{(1)} = pr_1}} \coprod_{i, j \in I} \sigma_{ij} \xrightarrow{h_{d_0^{(1)} = pr_2}} \coprod_{i \in I} \sigma_i \left( \xrightarrow{\pi_M} M \right)$$

SIMPLICIAL  
STRATIFIED  
CONFIGURATION  
FIBRE

$$\beta_H(I^\bullet) : \quad g_{ijk} \quad A_{ij} \quad B_i \quad (H)$$

$$\text{deg} : \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2$$

SIMPLICIAL  
STRATIFIED  
2-FORM

$$(\pi_M^* H_i = d B_i)$$

$$(*) \begin{cases} \binom{M}{1} \Delta^{(1)} B_{ij} = d A_{ij} \\ \binom{M}{2} \Delta^{(2)} A_{ijk} = \text{id log } g_{ijk} \\ \binom{M}{3} \Delta^{(3)} g_{ijkl} = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Delta.(\Sigma): \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in A} V_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \xrightarrow{d_{\alpha}^{(1)} = pr_r} \coprod_{\alpha, \beta \in A} E_{\alpha\beta} \xrightarrow{d_{\alpha}^{(1)} = pr_2} \coprod_{\alpha \in A} \Sigma_{\alpha} \left( \rightarrow \Sigma \right)$$

SIMPLICIAL  
STRATIFIED  
SPACETIME

$$\hat{X} \equiv (x, z)$$

$$\check{N}_{\bullet}(\sigma): \coprod_{i, j, k \in I} \vartheta_{ijk} \xrightarrow{h_{d_{\alpha}^{(1)} = pr_r}} \coprod_{i, j \in I} \vartheta_{ij} \xrightarrow{h_{d_{\alpha}^{(1)} = pr_2}} \coprod_{i \in I} \vartheta_i \left( \xrightarrow{\pi_M} M \right)$$

SIMPLICIAL  
STRATIFIED  
CONFIGURATION  
FIBRE

$$\beta_H(I^{\circ}): \quad g_{ijk} \quad A_{ij} \quad B_i \quad (H)$$

SIMPLICIAL  
STRATIFIED  
2-FORM

$$\text{deg:} \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2$$

$$\left( \pi_M^* H_i = dB_i \right)$$

UPSHOT:

$$\chi_{W_3}(x(\Sigma)) = \exp \left( \frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{\Delta.(\Sigma)} \hat{X}^* \beta_H(I^{\circ}) \right)$$

$$(*) \begin{cases} \int \Delta^{(1)} B_{ij} = dA_{ij} \\ \int \Delta^{(2)} A_{ijk} = \text{id log } g_{ijk} \\ \int \Delta^{(3)} g_{ijkl} = 1 \end{cases}$$

OBSERVATION: RELATIONS (\*) SATISFIED by  $\beta_H(\mathcal{I}) \equiv (B_i, A_{ij}, g_{ijk})$ ,

$D\beta_H(\mathcal{I}) = 0$ ,  $D$  - DELIGNE DIFFERENTIAL on  $\check{C}^\bullet(\mathcal{O}, \mathcal{D}(2)^\bullet)$  for

$$\mathcal{D}(2)^\bullet : \underline{UC(1)}_M \xrightarrow{\text{id} \circ \log} \underline{\Omega^1(M)} \xrightarrow{d} \underline{\Omega^2(M)} \quad \text{DELIGNE COMPLEX}$$

IMPLY  $[\beta_H(\mathcal{I})] \in H^2(M, \mathcal{D}(2)^\bullet)$  BEILINSON-DELIGNE COHOMOLOGY,

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IMPLY  $[\beta_H(\mathcal{I}^\bullet)] \in H^2(M, \mathcal{D}(2)^\bullet)$  BEILINSON-DELIGNE COHOMOLOGY,

with CHEEGER-SIMONS MODEL:  $H^0(M, \mathcal{D}(\cdot)^\bullet) \simeq \hat{H}^0(M, U(1))$

$\Rightarrow \text{Hol}_g$  FIXES  $[g]$

# UNEXPECTED BONUS: PREQUANTISATION via TRANSCRESSION

(& RAISON D'ÊTRE DE L'IDÉE)

$$\begin{aligned} \tau : H^2(M, \mathcal{D}(2)^\bullet) &\longrightarrow H^1(LM, \mathcal{D}(1)^\bullet) \\ : [\beta_H(I^\bullet)] &\longmapsto [\alpha_{\tau H}(\Delta(\mathbb{S}^1), I^\bullet)] \end{aligned}$$

for  $\tau H \equiv \int_{\mathbb{S}^1} \text{ev}^* H$

$\text{ev} : LM \times \mathbb{S}^1 \rightarrow M$

$\mathbb{C}^\times$   
 $\mathcal{L}_G, A_G$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $LM$

GEOM<sub>2</sub>



[GAJEŃSKI]



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LM

$\text{ev} : LM \times \mathbb{S}^1 \rightarrow M$



[GAJEŃSKI]

IMPLICATION: PREQUANTISABLE SYMMETRIES MUST GERBIFY

i.e., LIFT as  $G \longrightarrow \text{Aut}(g) = ?$

GERBE  
(AUTO-)ISOMORPHISMS

UNEXPECTED BONUS: PREQUANTISATION via TRANSCRESSION

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$$\tau : H^2(M, \mathcal{Q}(2)^{\circ}) \longrightarrow H^1(LM, \mathcal{Q}(1)^{\circ})$$

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$\downarrow$   
 $LM$

for  $\tau H \equiv \int_{S^1} \text{ev}^* H$   
 $\text{ev} : LM \times S^1 \rightarrow M$



[GAJEŃSKI]

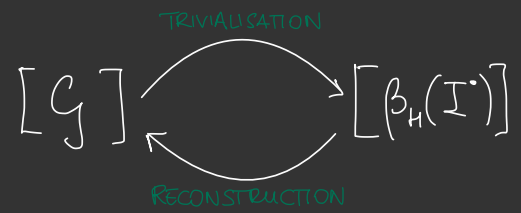
IMPLICATION: PREQUANTISABLE SYMMETRIES MUST GERBIFY

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GERBE  
(AUTO-)ISOMORPHISMS

POINT  
of  
DEPARTURE

2-CLUTCHING THEOREM  
[MURRAY-STEVENSON]

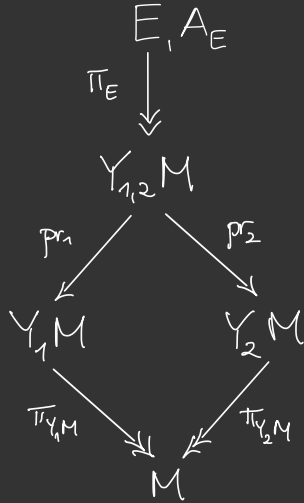


NATURAL NOTION:  $G_1 \cong G_2 \iff [\beta_H^1(\mathcal{I}')] = [\beta_H^2(\mathcal{I}')]$

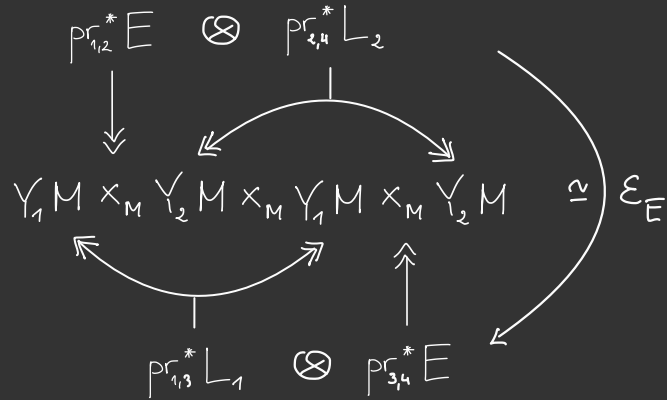
NATURAL NOTION:  $G_1 \simeq G_2 \iff [\beta_H^1(I^*)] = [\beta_H^2(I^*)]$

GEOMETRIZES as  $\mathfrak{F} = (Y_1 M \times_M Y_2 M, E, A_E, \mathcal{E}_E)$  STABLE ISOMORPHISM [MURRAY-STEVENSON],  
 $L =: Y_{1,2} M$

where



with



See COMPATIBILITY with  $\mu_{L_1}, \mu_{L_2}$

$$\pi_E^* (pr_2^* B_2 - pr_1^* B_1) = dA_E$$

WHICH LEADS TO ...

### III CATEGORIFICATION of SYMMETRIES

INVARIANCE:  $\exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} S_g\right) \cdot \text{Hol}_g \stackrel{!}{=} \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} S_{\lambda_h^* g}\right) \cdot \text{Hol}_{\lambda_h^* g} \quad \forall h \in G$

CALLS FOR  $\lambda_h^* g \stackrel{!}{=} g$  &  $\lambda_h^* G \stackrel{!}{\cong} G$  (GERBES PULL BACK NATURALLY)

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\* **ELEMENT-WISE**  
PRESENTATION of  $G$

$$\Lambda: G \longrightarrow \text{Aut}(g)$$

$$: h \longmapsto \lambda_h^* g \underset{\Lambda_h}{\simeq} g$$

OBSTRUCTION:  $\lambda_h^* H = H \implies \lambda_h^* g$  DIFFERS from  $g$  by  $G_0 \in \mathcal{W}^3(M; H=0) \simeq \check{H}^2(M, U(1))$

$$\implies \in \bigsqcup_{h \in G} \check{H}^2(M, U(1))$$

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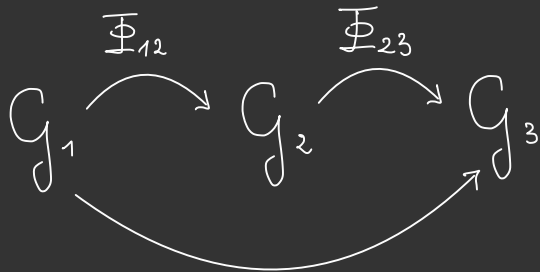
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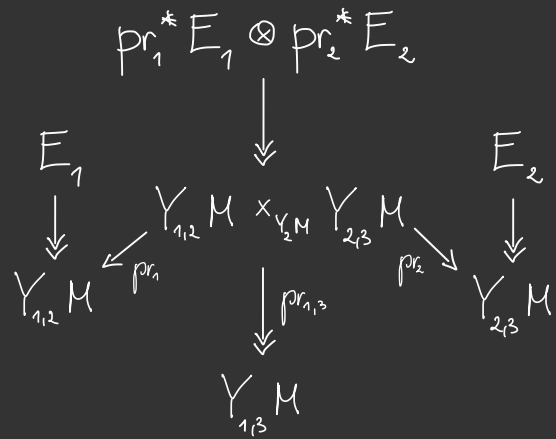
QUESTION: How TO MAKE SENSE of 'HOMOMORPHICITY' of  $\Lambda$ ?

NEED : (i) COMPOSITION of 1-ISOMORPHISMS



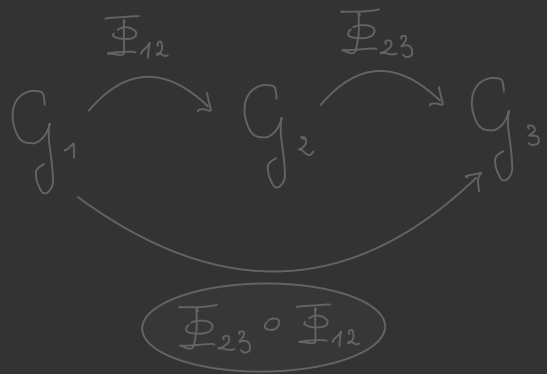
$$\Phi_{23} \circ \Phi_{12}$$

BASES on  
 TILING UP  
 OF SURJECTIVE SUBERSIONS  
 ~ CORRESPONDENCES

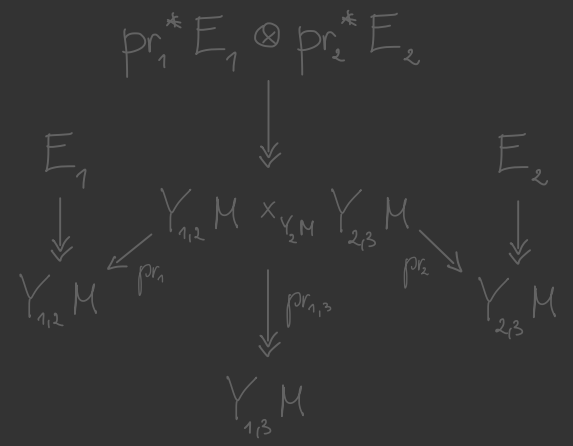




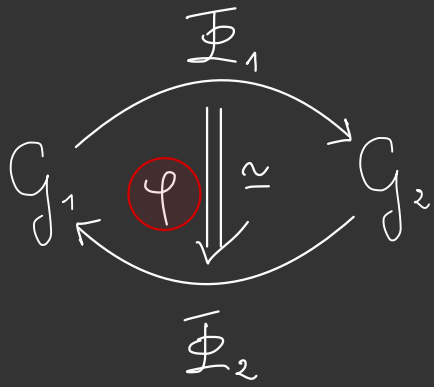
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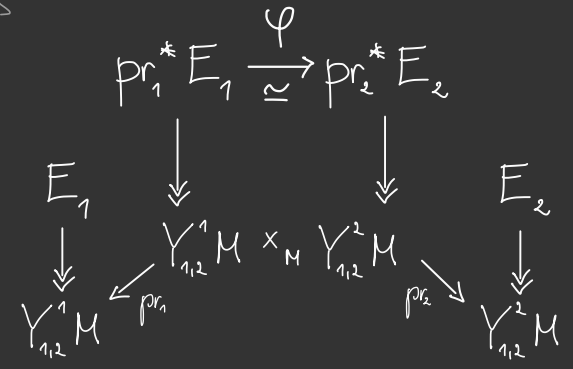
BASES on  
 TILING UP  
 OF SURJECTIVE SUBERSIONS  
 ~ CORRESPONDENCES



(ii) 2-ISOMORPHISMS between 1-MORPHISMS



BOILS DOWN to



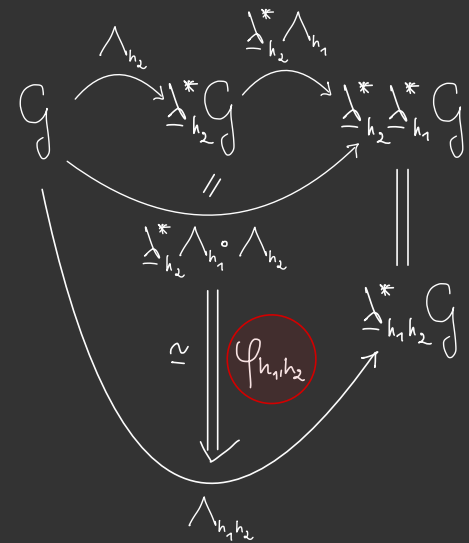
& COHERENCE with  $\mathcal{E}_{E_1}, \mathcal{E}_{E_2}$

\*\* HOMOMORPHIC  
PRESENTATION of G

$$\varphi_{h_1, h_2} : G \times G \longrightarrow 2\text{-Iso}(g) \quad \text{FISSION 2-ISOMORPHISM}$$

$$\text{OBSTRUCTION} \in \bigsqcup_{h_1, h_2 \in G} \check{H}^1(M, U(1))$$

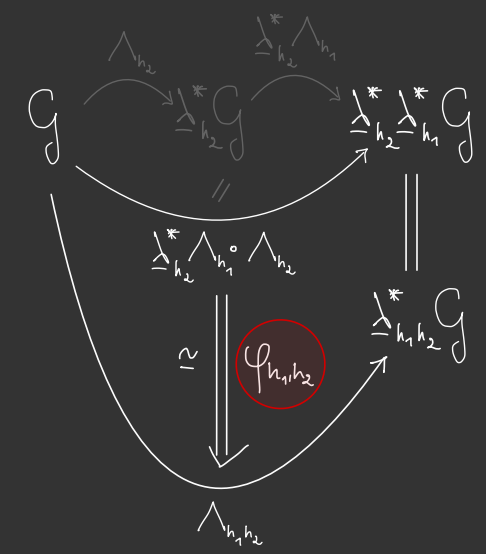
$$: (h_1, h_2) \longmapsto$$



**\*\* HOMOMORPHIC PRESENTATION of G**

$\varphi_{1,1} : G \times G \longrightarrow 2\text{-Iso}(G)$  **FUSION 2-ISOMORPHISM**

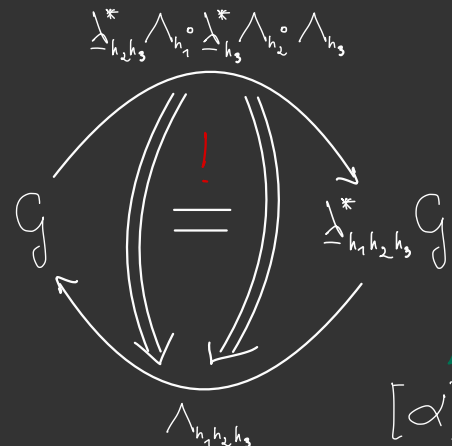
$(h_1, h_2) \longmapsto$



OBSTRUCTION  $\in \bigsqcup_{h_1, h_2 \in G} \check{H}^1(M, U(1))$

FINALLY,

**\*\*\* ASSOCIATIVE PRESENTATION of G**



**OBSTRUCTION**  
 $d_{h_1, h_2, h_3} \in \bigsqcup_{h_1, h_2 \in G} \check{H}^0(M, U(1)) \simeq U(1)^{\pi_0(M)}$

$[\alpha] \in H^3(G, U(1)^{\pi_0(M)})$

**4EXOB'S ASSOCIATOR CLASS**

A CARPATHIAN  
BREAK ...



... ON OUR WAY  
TOWARDS HIGHER GEOMETRY

# IV DEFECTS, SIMPLICIAL BACKGROUNDS, & ALL THAT

THE HITHERTO  $\Delta.(\Sigma) : \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in A} V_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \xrightarrow{d_\alpha^{(1)} = pr_\alpha} \coprod_{\alpha, \beta \in A} E_{\alpha\beta} \xrightarrow{d_0^{(1)} = pr_0, d_1^{(1)} = pr_1} \coprod_{\alpha \in A} \Sigma_\alpha \rightarrow \Sigma$

SIMPLICIAL STRATIFIED SPACETIME

$\hat{X} \equiv (x, \iota) : \coprod_{i, j, k \in I} \mathcal{D}_{ijk} \xrightarrow{d_\alpha^{(1)} = pr_\alpha} \coprod_{i, j \in I} \mathcal{D}_{ij} \xrightarrow{d_0^{(1)} = pr_0, d_1^{(1)} = pr_1} \coprod_{i \in I} \mathcal{D}_i \xrightarrow{\pi_H} M$

SIMPLICIAL STRATIFIED CONFIGURATION FIBRE

$\mathcal{G} \equiv \beta_H(I^\circ) : g_{ijl} \quad A_{ij} \quad \mathcal{B}_i \quad (H)$

SIMPLICIAL STRATIFIED 2-FORM

READILY REPLACED by...

# IV DEFECTS, SIMPLICIAL BACKGROUNDS, & ALL THAT

THE HITHERTO  $\Delta_*(\Sigma) : \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in A} V_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \xrightarrow{d_i^{(0)} = pr_i} \coprod_{\alpha, \beta \in A} E_{\alpha\beta} \xrightarrow{d_0^{(0)} = pr_0, d_1^{(0)} = pr_1} \coprod_{\alpha \in A} \Sigma_\alpha \rightarrow \Sigma$

SIMPLICIAL STRATIFIED SPACETIME

$\hat{X} \equiv (X, L)$   
 $\check{N}_*(\mathcal{O}) : \coprod_{i, j, k \in I} \mathcal{O}_{ijk} \xrightarrow{h_i^{(0)} = pr_i} \coprod_{i, j \in I} \mathcal{O}_{ij} \xrightarrow{h_0^{(0)} = pr_0, h_1^{(0)} = pr_1} \coprod_{i \in I} \mathcal{O}_i \xrightarrow{\pi_H} M$

SIMPLICIAL STRATIFIED CONFIGURATION FIBRE

$\mathcal{G} \equiv \beta_H(I^*) : \mathcal{G}_{ijl} \quad A_{ij} \quad \mathcal{B}_i \quad (H)$

SIMPLICIAL STRATIFIED 2-FDAM

READILY REPLACED by...

DEFECT JUNCTIONS    DEFECT LINES    DOMAINS

$\Sigma_P : \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in A} V_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \xrightarrow{d_i^{(0)} = pr_i} \coprod_{\alpha, \beta \in A} E_{\alpha\beta} \xrightarrow{d_0^{(0)} = pr_0, d_1^{(0)} = pr_1} \coprod_{\alpha \in A} \Sigma_\alpha \rightarrow \Sigma$

DEFECT GRAPH

COHOMOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION of \* PHASES \*\* DEFECTS

$\tilde{X} \xrightarrow{\times} T_3 \xrightarrow{j_i^{(0)}} Q \xrightarrow{j_i^{(0)}} M$

$\varphi_3 \quad \mathcal{L} \quad \mathcal{G}$

FUSION    CORRESPONDENCE    POLY-PHASE

QUASI-SIMPLICIAL STRATIFIED GERBE

$\tilde{\mathcal{G}}$

COMPONENTS of  $\vec{\mathcal{G}}$  RELATED ANALOGOUSLY to THOSE of  $\beta_H(I^\circ)$  [RUNKEL-RAJ]

$$\Phi : \vec{\Delta}^{(1)} \mathcal{G} \xrightarrow{\cong} I_\omega, \quad \omega \in \Omega^2(Q)$$

$$\text{i.e., } d_0^{(1)*} \mathcal{G} \simeq d_1^{(1)*} \mathcal{G} \otimes I_\omega$$

EXTRA FREEDOM  
(OBSTRUCTION against  
TOPOLOGICALITY)

$$\varphi_3 : \vec{\Delta}^{(2)} \Phi \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{id}$$

$$\text{i.e., } d_0^{(2)*} \Phi - d_2^{(2)*} \Phi \simeq d_1^{(2)*} \Phi$$

COMPONENTS of  $\vec{\mathcal{G}}$  RELATED ANALOGOUSLY to THOSE of  $\beta_H(I^\circ)$  [RUNKEL-RRS]

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THESE GEOMETRISE SIMPLICIAL 3-FORM  $\vec{H} = (H, \omega)$

$$\vec{\Delta}^{(1)} H = d\omega$$

$$\vec{\Delta}^{(2)} \omega = 0$$

$$\Longrightarrow \vec{\chi}_{W_3}(\vec{x}(\Sigma_\tau)) = \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{\Delta(\Sigma_\tau)} \beta_{\vec{H}}(\vec{I} \cdot)\right)$$

RELATIVE CHEEGER-SIMONS CHARACTER



# FACTS of LIFE with DEFECTS:

(i) CURVATURE of CORRESPONDENCE  $\omega$  DETERMINES

(KINETIC-)MOMENTUM DISCONTINUITY @ DOMAIN WALL:

$$\mathfrak{p}_2 \circ Td_1^{(0)} - \mathfrak{p}_1 \circ Td_0^{(0)} = TX(\hat{t}) \lrcorner \omega \quad (\text{DQC})$$

$\Rightarrow$  DEFINES SYMPLECTIC RELATION between PHASES, COVERED by  $\tau \bar{\Phi}$   
PREQUANTOMORPHISM

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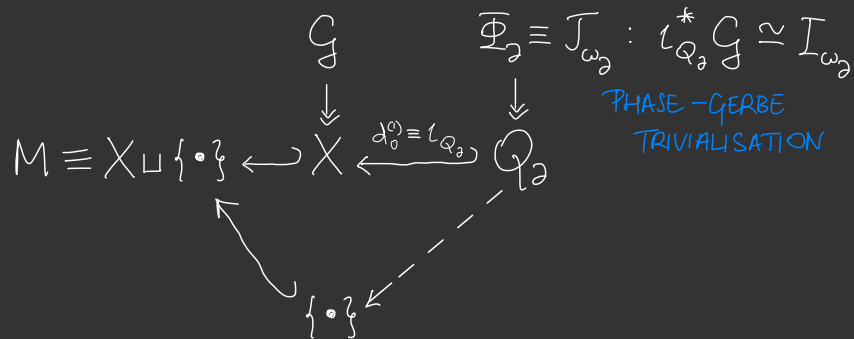
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(ii) CORRESPONDENCES

ACCOUNT for BOUNDARIES:



# FACTS of LIFE with DEFECTS:

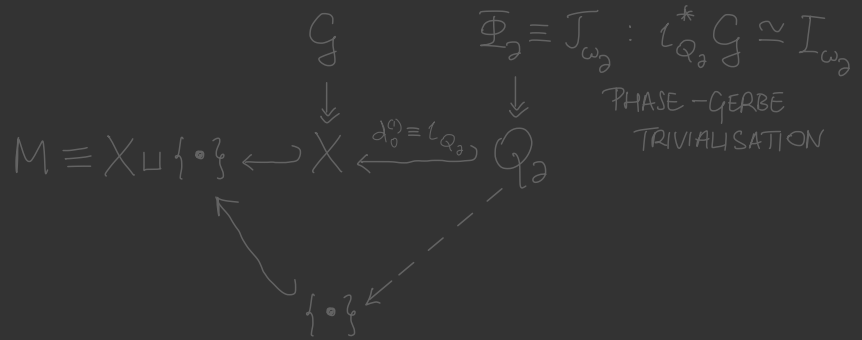
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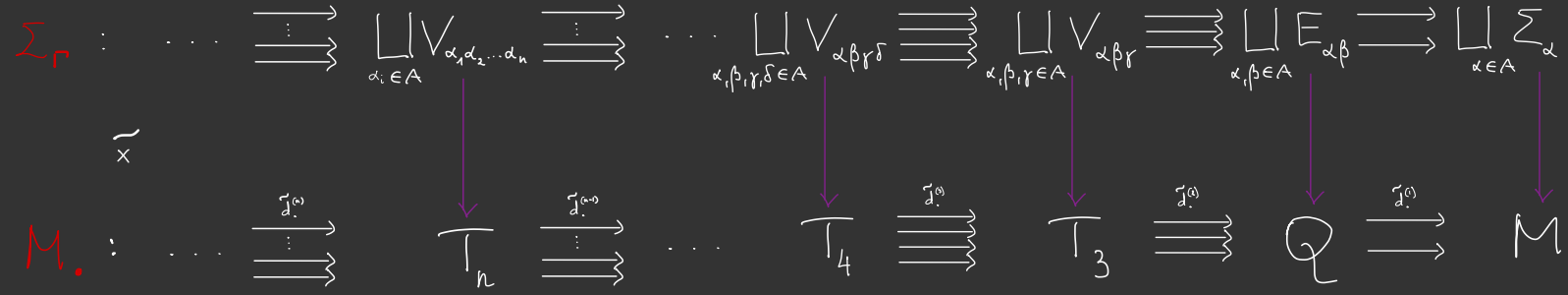


(iii) AT THE OTHER EXTREME,  
 WE FIND... SYMMETRIES

$$Q_G = \bigsqcup_{h \in G} M \simeq G \times M \xrightarrow[\alpha_1^{(0)} = \lambda]{\alpha_0^{(0)} = \rho_2} M \quad \text{with FLAT CORRESPONDENCE}$$

$$\bar{\Phi}_G = \bigsqcup_{h \in G} \bar{\Phi}_h$$

NATURAL EXTENSION (MOTIVATED by GERBISH PRESENTATIONS of SYMMETRIES)



SIMPLICIAL BACKGROUND  
with ...

?  
COHERENCES

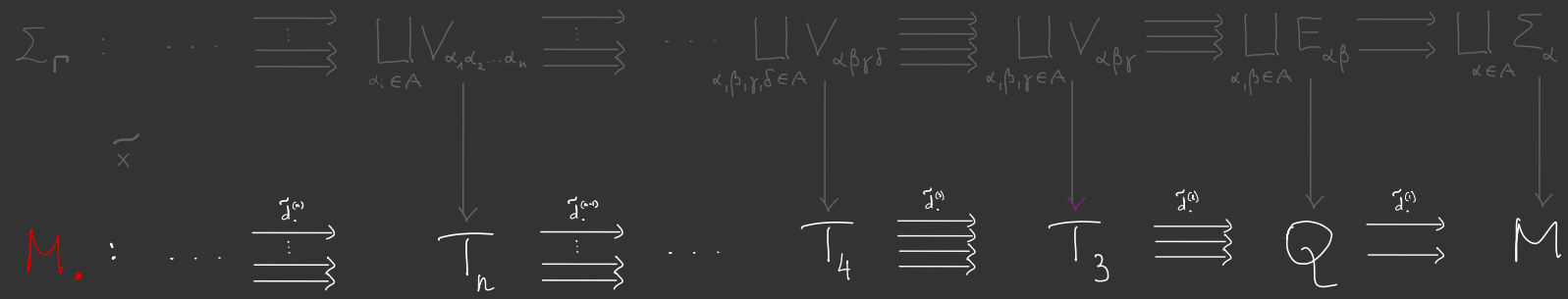
?  
FUSION

φ<sub>3</sub>  
CORRESPONDENCE

℔  
POLY-PHASE

g

NATURAL EXTENSION (MOTIVATED BY GERBISH PRESENTATIONS OF SYMMETRIES)



SIMPLICIAL BACKGROUND  
with ...

COHERENCES

FUSION

CORRESPONDENCE

POLY-PHASE

FACE MAPS

$$d^{(i)} : M_{\bullet} \rightarrow M_{\bullet-1}$$

... SATISFYING

$$d_i^{(n-1)} \circ d_j^{(n)} = d_{j-1}^{(n-1)} \circ d_i^{(n)}, \quad i < j,$$

$$s_i^{(n+1)} \circ s_j^{(n)} = s_{j+1}^{(n+1)} \circ s_i^{(n)}, \quad i \leq j,$$

$$d_i^{(n+1)} \circ s_j^{(n)} = \begin{cases} s_{j-1}^{(n-1)} \circ d_i^{(n)} & \text{if } i < j, \\ \text{id}_{X_n} & \text{if } i = j \text{ or } i = j + 1, \\ s_j^{(n-1)} \circ d_{i-1}^{(n)} & \text{if } i > j + 1. \end{cases}$$

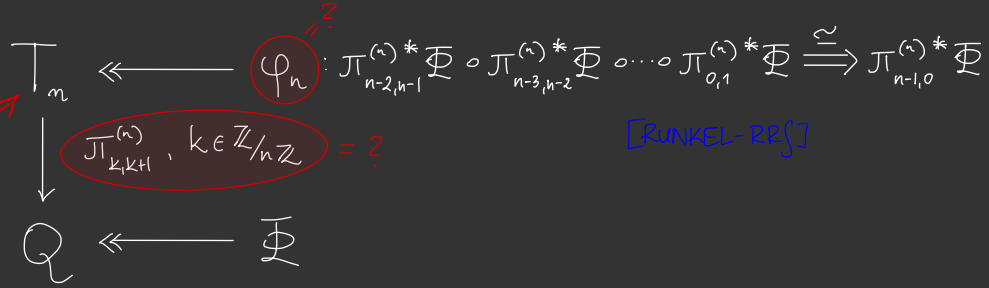
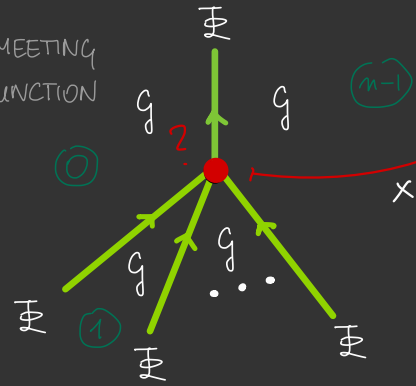
& ADDITIONAL DEGENERACY MAPS

SIMPLICIAL IDENTITIES

$s^{(i)} : M_{\bullet} \rightarrow M_{\bullet+1}$  for IDENTITY DEFECT  $\text{id}_G : G \cong G$   
& ITS FUSION

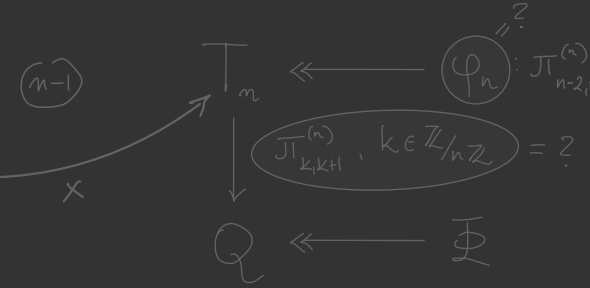
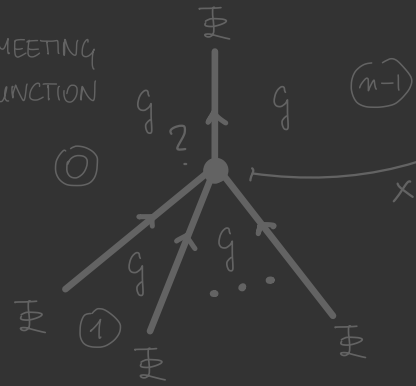
# QUESTION: HOW DOES THIS REPRODUCE THE STANDARD PICTURE?

n PHASES MEETING  
@ DEFECT JUNCTION



# QUESTION: HOW DOES THIS REPRODUCE THE STANDARD PICTURE?

$n$  PHASES MEETING  
@ DEFECT JUNCTION



$$\varphi_n: \pi_{n-2, n-1}^{(n)} * \Phi \circ \pi_{n-3, n-2}^{(n)} * \Phi \circ \dots \circ \pi_{0,1}^{(n)} * \Phi \xrightarrow{\cong} \pi_{n-1, 0}^{(n)} * \Phi$$

[RUNKEL-RRS]

# ANSWER: COMBINATORICS of $(M, d^{(\bullet)})$ ENSURE:

(1)  $\exists!$   $\pi_{j, j+1}^{(n)}: T. \rightarrow Q \quad (j > 3)$

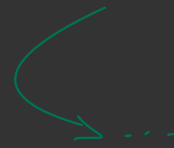
(2)  $\exists!$   $\varphi_n$  CANONICALLY INDUCED

$$\pi_{k, k+1}^{(n)} = d_{2,2}^{(2)} \circ d_{2,2}^{(3)} \circ \dots \circ d_{2,2}^{(n-k-1)} \circ d_{0,0}^{(n-k)} \circ d_{0,0}^{(n-k+1)} \circ \dots \circ d_{0,0}^{(n-1)}, \quad k \in \overline{0, n-2}$$

from  $\varphi_3$  for  $(g, \Phi, \varphi_3)$

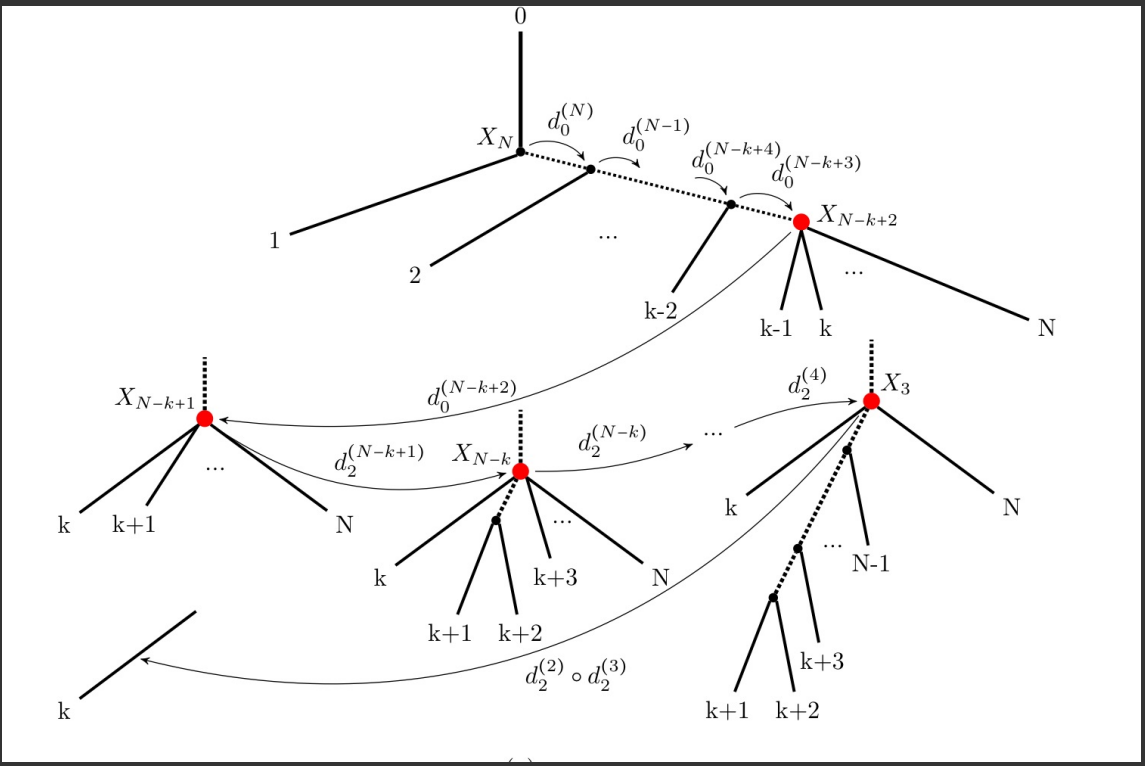
$$\pi_{n-1, 0}^{(n)} = d_{1,1}^{(2)} \circ d_{1,1}^{(3)} \circ \dots \circ d_{1,1}^{(n-1)}$$

SIMPLICIAL

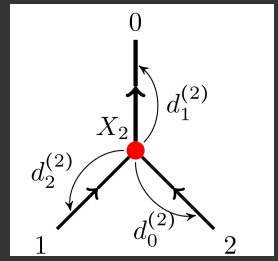


# INDUCTION through TERNARY RESOLUTIONS of BINARY TREES

$\mathcal{A}\mathcal{D}(1)$  e.g., for  $\mathcal{T}_{k-1,k}^{(N+1)}$



using

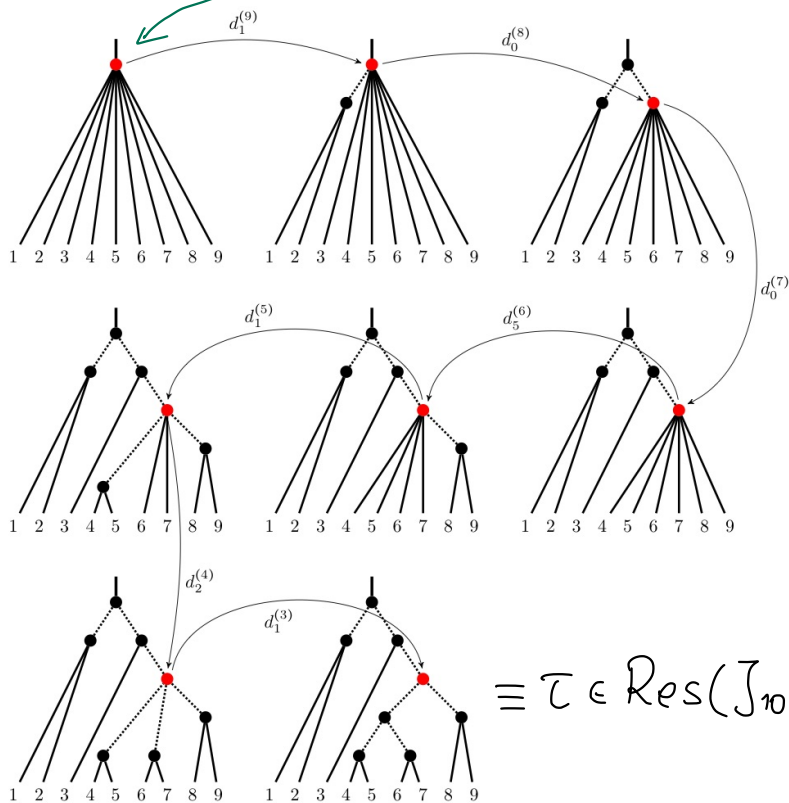


etc.

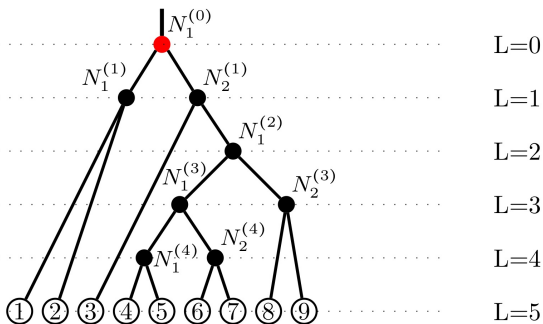


$A_0(2)$  e.g., for  $n=10$  RESOLVE JUNCTION

as

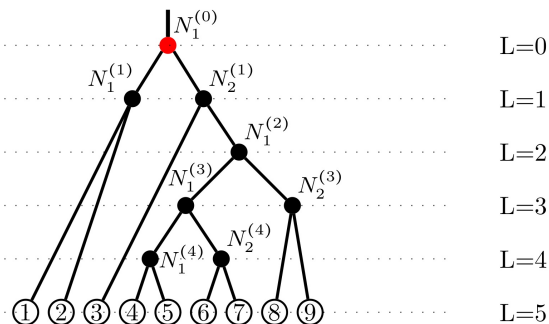
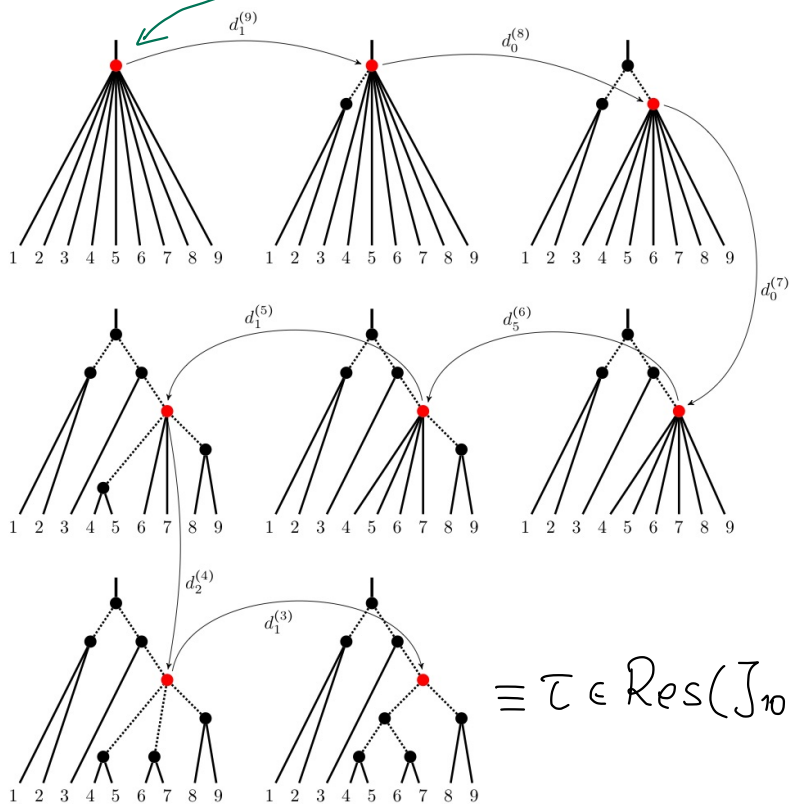


$$\equiv \tau \in \text{Res}(J_{10})$$



$A_0(2)$  e.g., for  $n=10$  RESOLVE JUNCTION

as  $\curvearrowright$



OBTAINING

$$N_1^{(2)} : d_1^{(3)} \circ d_2^{(4)} \circ d_1^{(5)} \circ d_5^{(6)} \circ d_0^{(7)} \circ d_0^{(8)} \circ d_1^{(9)} \equiv D_1^{(2)}$$

AND - ANALOGOUSLY -

$$N_1^{(0)} : d_2^{(3)} \circ d_3^{(4)} \circ d_3^{(5)} \circ d_3^{(6)} \circ d_5^{(7)} \circ d_7^{(8)} \circ d_1^{(9)} \equiv D_1^{(0)}$$

$$N_1^{(1)} : d_3^{(3)} \circ d_3^{(4)} \circ d_4^{(5)} \circ d_4^{(6)} \circ d_4^{(7)} \circ d_6^{(8)} \circ d_8^{(9)} \equiv D_1^{(1)}$$

$$N_2^{(1)} : d_2^{(3)} \circ d_2^{(4)} \circ d_3^{(5)} \circ d_2^{(6)} \circ d_7^{(7)} \circ d_0^{(8)} \circ d_1^{(9)} \equiv D_2^{(1)}$$

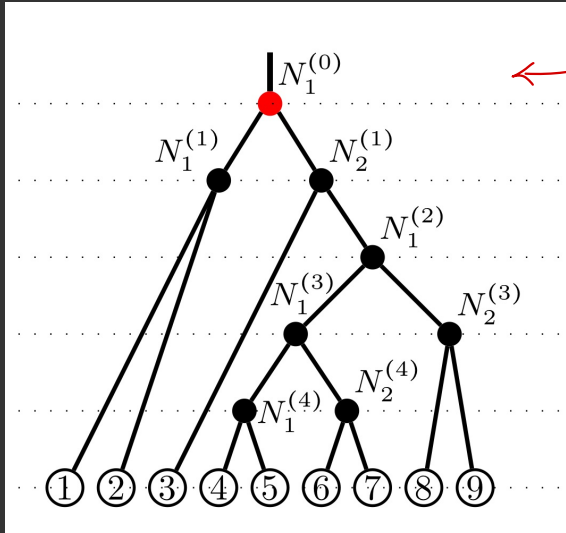
$$N_1^{(3)} : d_2^{(3)} \circ d_4^{(4)} \circ d_1^{(5)} \circ d_0^{(6)} \circ d_6^{(7)} \circ d_0^{(8)} \circ d_1^{(9)} \equiv D_1^{(3)}$$

$$N_2^{(3)} : d_0^{(3)} \circ d_1^{(4)} \circ d_2^{(5)} \circ d_1^{(6)} \circ d_0^{(7)} \circ d_0^{(8)} \circ d_1^{(9)} \equiv D_2^{(3)}$$

$$N_1^{(4)} : d_0^{(3)} \circ d_4^{(4)} \circ d_3^{(5)} \circ d_0^{(6)} \circ d_0^{(7)} \circ d_7^{(8)} \circ d_1^{(9)} \equiv D_1^{(4)}$$

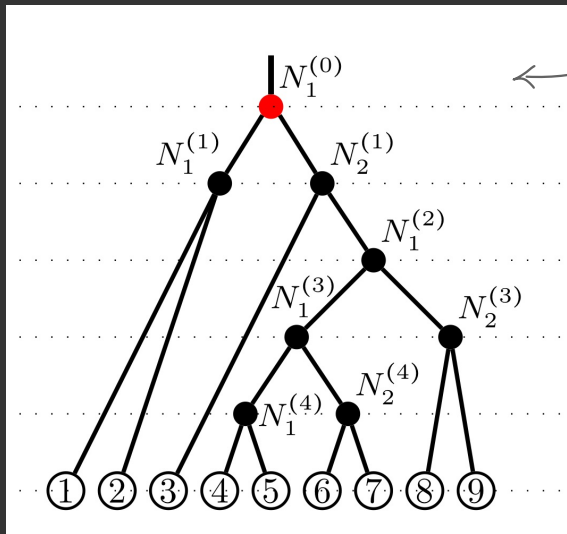
$$N_2^{(4)} : d_0^{(3)} \circ d_4^{(4)} \circ d_1^{(5)} \circ d_0^{(6)} \circ d_0^{(7)} \circ d_7^{(8)} \circ d_1^{(9)} \equiv D_2^{(4)}$$

USING THESE MAPS, DEFINE



$$\tau \longmapsto \varphi_{10}[\tau] := \begin{aligned} & D_1^{(0)*} \varphi_3 \\ & (D_2^{(1)*} \varphi_3 \circ D_1^{(1)*} \varphi_3) \\ & (D_1^{(2)*} \varphi_3 \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{23}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}} \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{12}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}} \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{01}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}) \\ & (D_2^{(3)*} \varphi_3 \circ D_1^{(3)*} \varphi_3 \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{23}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}} \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{12}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}} \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{01}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}) \\ & (\text{Id}_{\pi_{89}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}} \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{78}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}} \circ D_2^{(4)*} \varphi_3 \circ D_1^{(4)*} \varphi_3 \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{23}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}} \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{12}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}} \circ \text{Id}_{\pi_{01}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}) \end{aligned}$$

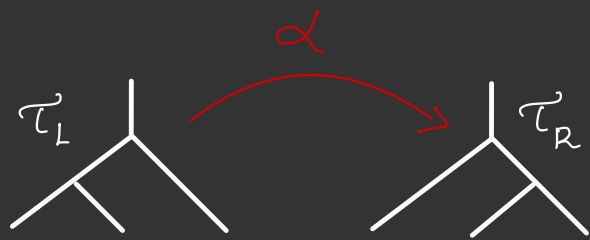
USING THESE MAPS, DEFINE



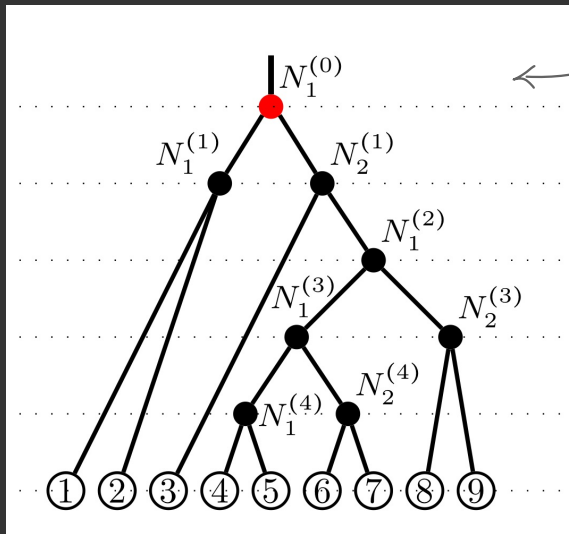
$$\tau \longmapsto \varphi_{10}[\tau] := D_1^{(0)*} \varphi_3 \cdot (D_2^{(1)*} \varphi_3 \cdot D_1^{(1)*} \varphi_3) \cdot (D_1^{(2)*} \varphi_3 \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{23}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{12}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{01}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}}) \cdot (D_2^{(3)*} \varphi_3 \cdot D_1^{(3)*} \varphi_3 \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{23}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{12}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{01}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}}) \cdot (\text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{89}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{78}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot D_2^{(4)*} \varphi_3 \cdot D_1^{(4)*} \varphi_3 \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{23}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{12}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{01}^{(10)*} \mathbb{F}}{\mathbb{F}}})$$

OBSERVATION:  $\forall \tau, \tau' \in \text{Res}(J_N)$   
 $\exists$   $< \infty$  SEQUENCE of  
 WHICH SENDS  $\tau' \mapsto \tau$

ASSOCIATOR  
 MOVES



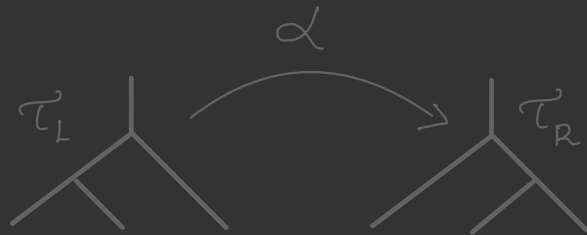
USING THESE MAPS, DEFINE



$$\tau \longmapsto \varphi_{10}[\tau] := D_1^{(0)*} \varphi_3 \cdot (D_2^{(1)*} \varphi_3 \cdot D_1^{(1)*} \varphi_3) \cdot (D_1^{(2)*} \varphi_3 \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{23}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{12}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{01}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}}) \cdot (D_2^{(3)*} \varphi_3 \cdot D_1^{(3)*} \varphi_3 \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{23}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{12}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{01}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}}) \cdot (\text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{29}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{78}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot D_2^{(4)*} \varphi_3 \cdot D_1^{(4)*} \varphi_3 \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{23}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{12}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}} \cdot \text{Id}_{\frac{\pi_{01}^{(10)*} \Phi}{\mathbb{F}}})$$

OBSERVATION:  $\forall \tau, \tau' \in \text{Res}(J_N)$

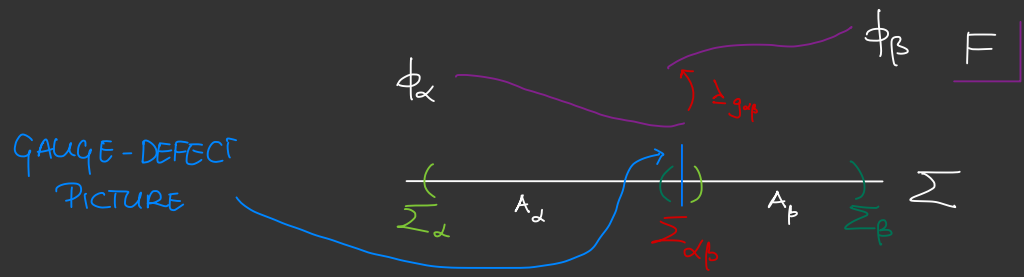
$\exists$   $< \infty$  SEQUENCE of ASSOCIATOR MOVES WHICH SENDS  $\tau' \mapsto \tau$



CONCLUSION: IMPOSE  $\varphi_4[\tau_L] = \varphi_4[\tau_R]$  for UNIQUENESS, but...

... THIS IS PRECISELY COHERENCE for  $(G, \Phi, \varphi_3)$ !

# A CONCRETE & USEFUL EXAMPLE: RECALL THE MOTIVATING



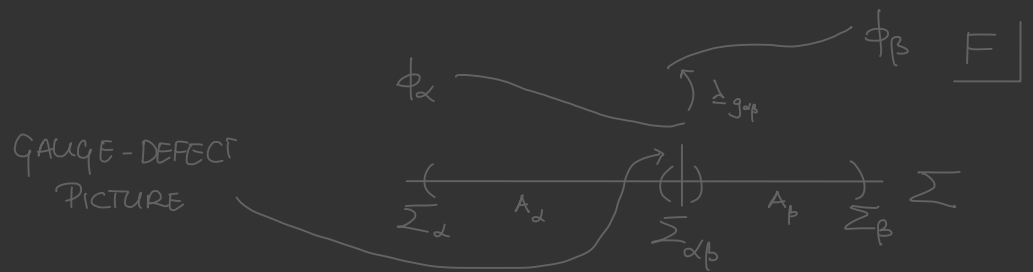
WE READILY RECOVER SIMPLICIAL GAUGE-DEFECT CONFIGURATION SPACE:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \Sigma_n & : \cdots & \rightrightarrows & \coprod_{\alpha_i \in A} V_{\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \dots \alpha_n} & \rightrightarrows & \cdots & \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta \in A} V_{\alpha \beta \gamma \delta} & \rightrightarrows & \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in A} V_{\alpha \beta \gamma} & \rightrightarrows & \coprod_{\alpha, \beta \in A} E_{\alpha \beta} & \rightrightarrows & \coprod_{\alpha \in A} \Sigma_\alpha \\
 & & & \downarrow (g_{\alpha_1 \alpha_2}, g_{\alpha_2 \alpha_3}, \dots, g_{\alpha_{n-1} \alpha_n}, X_{\alpha_n}) & & & \downarrow (g_{\alpha \beta \gamma}, g_{\beta \gamma \delta}, X_{\delta}) & & & & \downarrow (g_{\alpha \beta}, g_{\beta \gamma}, X_\gamma) & & & \downarrow X_\alpha \\
 N. (G_\lambda \ltimes M) & : \cdots & \rightrightarrows & G^{x_{n-1}} \times M & \rightrightarrows & \cdots & G^{x_3} \times M & \rightrightarrows & G^{x_2} \times M & \rightrightarrows & \underbrace{G \times M}_{G_\lambda \ltimes M} & \rightrightarrows & M \\
 & & & \downarrow \tilde{d}^{(n)} & & & \downarrow \tilde{d}^{(3)} & & & & \downarrow \tilde{d}^{(2)} & & & \downarrow \tilde{d}^{(1)}
 \end{array}$$

NERVE  
of ACTION GROUPOID

ACTION  
GROUPOID

# A CONCRETE & USEFUL EXAMPLE: RECALL THE MOTIVATING



WE READILY RECOVER SIMPLICIAL GAUGE-DEFECT CONFIGURATION SPACE:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \Sigma_n & \cdots & \rightrightarrows & \coprod_{\alpha_i \in A} V_{\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \dots \alpha_n} & \rightrightarrows & \cdots & \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta \in A} V_{\alpha \beta \gamma \delta} \rightrightarrows \coprod_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in A} V_{\alpha \beta \gamma} \rightrightarrows \coprod_{\alpha, \beta \in A} E_{\alpha \beta} \rightrightarrows \coprod_{\alpha \in A} \Sigma_\alpha \\
 & & & \downarrow (g_{\alpha_n \alpha_{n-1}} | g_{\alpha_{n-1} \alpha_{n-2}} | \dots | g_{\alpha_2 \alpha_1} | X_{\alpha_1}) & & & \downarrow (g_{\alpha \beta \gamma} | g_{\beta \alpha \delta} | g_{\alpha \gamma \delta} | X_{\alpha_1}) & & \downarrow (g_{\beta \gamma} | g_{\beta \alpha} | X_\alpha) & & \downarrow (g_{\beta \alpha} | X_\alpha) & & \downarrow X_\alpha \\
 N.(G_\lambda \times M) & \cdots & \xrightarrow{\tilde{d}^{(n)}} & G^{x_{n-1}} \times M & \xrightarrow{\tilde{d}^{(n-1)}} & \cdots & G^{x_3} \times M \xrightarrow{\tilde{d}^{(3)}} G^{x_2} \times M \xrightarrow{\tilde{d}^{(2)}} G \times M \xrightarrow{\tilde{d}^{(1)}} M \\
 \text{NERVE} & & & & & & & & & & & & & \underbrace{G_\lambda \times M}_{\text{ACTION GROUPOID}}
 \end{array}$$

## FIXING

THE SIMPLICIAL GERBE

(\*) IDENTIFICATION of TANGENTIAL RIGID SYMMETRIES

(\*\*) MINIMAL CORRECTION of  $A_{DF}$  for  $P_G$  TRIVIAL

(\*\*) CONTINUOUS RIGID SYMMETRIES  $\subset$  Isom  $(M, g)$

$$\forall \substack{x \in [\Sigma, M] \\ a \in \overline{\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g}} \quad \left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} A_{DF} [\mathbb{F}_{\mathcal{K}_a}(t, x(\cdot))] = 0 \iff \int_{x(\Sigma)} \mathcal{K}_a \lrcorner H = 0 \iff \exists \substack{\mathcal{K}_A \in \mathcal{Q}'(M) \\ \text{COMOMENTUM}} : \mathcal{K}_a \lrcorner H = -d\mathcal{K}_A$$

$$\mathcal{K}_a(\cdot) \equiv T_{(e, \cdot)} \lambda(-t_a, 0_{TM}(\cdot)) \quad , \quad \{t_a\}_{a \in \overline{\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g}} \text{ BASIS of } \mathfrak{g}$$



(\*CONTINUOUS RIGID SYMMETRIES  $\subset$   $\text{Isom}(M, g)$ )

$$\forall \begin{matrix} x \in [\Sigma, M] \\ a \in \overline{\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g} \end{matrix} \quad \frac{d}{dt} \Big|_{t=0} A_{DF} [\mathbb{F}_{\mathcal{K}_a}(t, x(\cdot))] = 0 \iff \int_{\text{ChS}} \int_{x(\Sigma)} \mathcal{K}_a \lrcorner H = 0 \iff \exists \mathcal{K}_A \in \Omega^1(M) : \mathcal{K}_A \lrcorner H = -d\mathcal{K}_A$$

COMOMENTUM

$\mathcal{K}_a(\cdot) = T_{(e_i)} \lambda(-t_{a_i} \mathbb{O}_{TM}(\cdot))$ ,  $\{t_{a_i}\}_{a \in \overline{\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g}}$  BASIS of  $\mathfrak{g}$

UPSHOT: TANGENTIAL SYMMETRIES :  $K_a := (\mathcal{K}_a, \kappa_a) \in \Gamma(E^{1,1}M)$ , where  $E^{1,1}M = TM \oplus T^*M$  HITCHIN'S GENERALISED TANGENT BUNDLE

with ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURE :

$$[\cdot, \cdot]_H : \Gamma(E^{1,1}M)^{\times 2} \longrightarrow \Gamma(E^{1,1}M)$$

H-TWISTED  
COURANT BRACKET  
[SEVERA-NENSTEN]

$$: ((V_1, \omega_1), (V_2, \omega_2)) \longmapsto ([V_1, V_2]_{\Gamma(TM)}, \mathcal{L}_{V_1} \omega_2 - \mathcal{L}_{V_2} \omega_1 - \frac{1}{2} d(V_1 \lrcorner \omega_2 - V_2 \lrcorner \omega_1) + V_1 \lrcorner V_2 \lrcorner H)$$

WHICH CLOSES on TANGENTIAL SYMMETRIES ! (cp. [ALEKSEEV-STROBL])

(\*) CONTINUOUS RIGID SYMMETRIES  $\subset \text{Isom}(M, g)$

$$\forall \begin{matrix} x \in [\Sigma, M] \\ a \in \overline{\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g} \end{matrix} \quad \frac{d}{dt} \Big|_{t=0} A_{DF} [\mathbb{F}_{\kappa_a}(t, x(\cdot))] = 0 \iff \int_{\text{ChS}} \int_{x(\Sigma)} \kappa_a \lrcorner H = 0 \iff \exists \kappa_A \in \Omega^1(M) : \kappa_a \lrcorner H = -d\kappa_A$$

COMOMENTUM

$$\kappa_a(\cdot) = T_{(e_i)} \lambda(-t a_i \mathbb{O}_{\text{TM}}(\cdot)), \quad \{t a_i\}_{a \in \overline{\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g}} \text{ BASIS of } \mathfrak{g}$$

UPSHOT: TANGENTIAL SYMMETRIES :  $K_a := (\kappa_a, \kappa_a) \in \Gamma(E^{1,1}M)$ , where  $E^{1,1}M = TM \oplus T^*M$  HITCHIN'S GENERALISED TANGENT BUNDLE

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[SEVERA-WEINSTEIN]

WHICH CLOSES on TANGENTIAL SYMMETRIES! (cp. [ALEKSEEV-STROBL])

(\*\*) MINIMAL CORRECTION :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathfrak{g} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \text{pr}_2^* \mathfrak{g} \otimes \mathbb{I}_{\mathcal{L}_{A_\alpha}} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ M & & \sum_{\alpha} \times M \end{array} \quad \text{with} \quad \mathcal{L}_{A_\alpha} = \text{pr}_2^* \kappa_a \wedge \text{pr}_1^* A_\alpha^a - \frac{1}{2} \text{pr}_2^* (\kappa_a \lrcorner \kappa_b) \text{pr}_1^* (A_\alpha^a \wedge A_\alpha^b)$$

(\*) CONTINUOUS RIGID SYMMETRIES  $\subset \text{Isom}(M, g)$

$$\forall \begin{matrix} x \in [\Sigma, M] \\ a \in \overline{\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g} \end{matrix} \quad \frac{d}{dt} \Big|_{t=0} A_{DF} [\mathbb{F}_{\kappa_a}(t, x(\cdot))] = 0 \iff \int_{\text{ChS}} \kappa_a \lrcorner H = 0 \iff \exists \begin{matrix} \kappa_A \in \Omega^1(M) \\ \text{COMOMENTUM} \end{matrix} : \kappa_a \lrcorner H = -d\kappa_A$$

$$\kappa_a(\cdot) \equiv T_{(e_i)} \lambda(-t a_i \mathbb{O}_{TM}(\cdot)) \quad , \quad \{t a_i\}_{a \in \overline{\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g}} \text{ BASIS of } \mathfrak{g}$$

UPSHOT: TANGENTIAL SYMMETRIES :  $K_a := (\kappa_a, \kappa_a) \in \Gamma(E^{11}M)$ , where  $E^{11}M = TM \oplus T^*M$  HITCHIN'S GENERALISED TANGENT BUNDLE

with ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURE :

$$[\cdot, \cdot]_H : \Gamma(E^{11}M)^{\times 2} \longrightarrow \Gamma(E^{11}M)$$

H-TWISTED  
COURANT BRACKET

$$: ((V_1, \omega_1), (V_2, \omega_2)) \longmapsto ([V_1, V_2]_{\Gamma(TM)}, \mathbb{L}_{V_1} \omega_2 - \mathbb{L}_{V_2} \omega_1 - \frac{1}{2} d(V_1 \lrcorner \omega_2 - V_2 \lrcorner \omega_1) + V_1 \lrcorner V_2 \lrcorner H)$$

[SEVERA-WEINSTEIN]

WHICH CLOSES on TANGENTIAL SYMMETRIES! (cp. [ALEKSEEV-STROBL])

(\*\*) MINIMAL CORRECTION :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathfrak{g} & \nearrow & \mathfrak{g} \otimes \mathbb{I}_{\mathcal{E}_{A_\alpha}} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ M & & \Sigma_\alpha \times M \end{array} \quad \text{with} \quad \mathcal{E}_{A_\alpha} = \text{pr}_2^* \kappa_a \wedge \text{pr}_1^* A_\alpha^a - \frac{1}{2} \text{pr}_2^* (\kappa_a \lrcorner \kappa_b) \text{pr}_1^* (A_\alpha^a \wedge A_\alpha^b)$$

MUST BE SUCH THAT

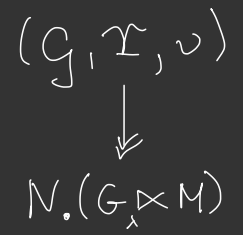
$$(\text{SQA} = 0)$$

ACTION ALGEBROID

$$\left( \langle K_a, a \in \overline{\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g} \rangle_{\mathcal{C}^\infty(M, \mathbb{R})}, [\cdot, \cdot]_H, \text{pr}_1 \right) \simeq \mathfrak{g} \ltimes M$$

INVARIANCE under LARGE GAUGE TRANSFORMATIONS CALLS FOR

$G$ -EQUIVARIANT STRUCTURE on  $G$   $\equiv$  SIMPLICIAL GERBE



to BE PULLED BACK to GAUGE-SYMMETRY DEFECT  $\Gamma_C \Sigma$  [RRS]

INVARIANCE under LARGE GAUGE TRANSFORMATIONS CALLS for

$G$ -EQUIVARIANT  
STRUCTURE on  $G$   $\equiv$  SIMPLICIAL  
GERBE

$$(G, \mathcal{I}, \nu) \\ \downarrow \\ N.(G \times M)$$

to BE PULLED BACK to GAUGE-SYMMETRY DEFECT  $\Gamma \subset \Sigma$  [RRS]

THE GLOBAL MECHANISM [GAIEDZIK-WALDORF-RRS]:

$$B\mathcal{G}rb_{\nabla}(X/G) \simeq B\mathcal{G}rb_{\nabla}(X)_{e=0}^{G\text{-equiv}} \quad \text{CURVATURE of } \mathcal{I}$$

WORKS for  $X = P_G \times M$  se  $\mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{A}} = pr_2^* \mathcal{G} \otimes I_{e_{\mathcal{A}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{A} \in \Omega^1(P_G) \otimes_{\mathbb{R}} \mathfrak{g}$

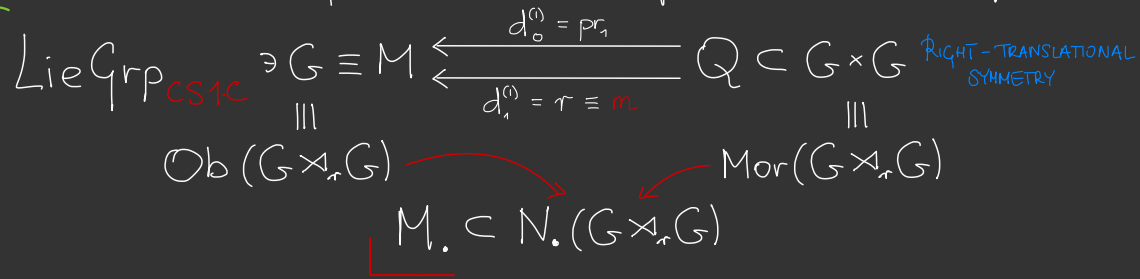
PRINCIPAL  
CONNECTION  
1-FORM

OBSTRUCTION CLASS in  $H^2(G \times M, U(1))$  se  $H^1(G^{x^2} \times M, U(1))$

CLASSIFYING GROUP  $H^1(G \times M, U(1)) \times H^1(G^{x^2} \times M, U(1))$  INEQUIVALENT GAUGINGS

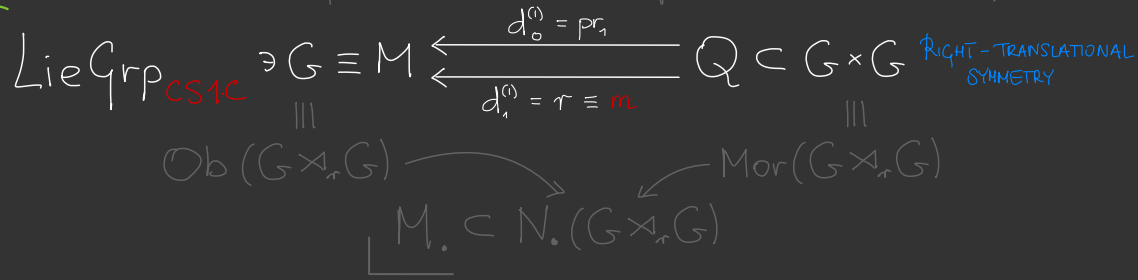
# V BARELY CLOSE, & YET - A HABANO

1) THE GEOMETRY: NATURAL SETTING for DISCUSSION of IMPLEMENTATION of SYMMETRY by DEFECTS



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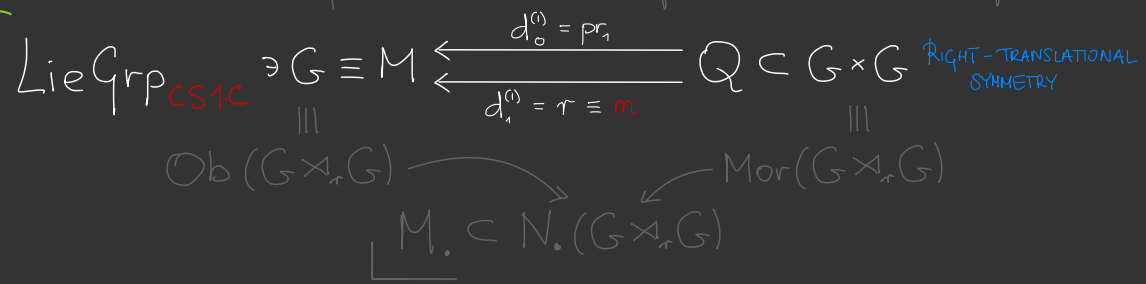
BUT  $M$  IS A  $G^{x2}$ -MANIFOLD, with  $\lambda : G^{x2} \times M \rightarrow M : ((a,b), h) \mapsto a \cdot h \cdot b^{-1}$

$\Rightarrow$  AUGMENTATION: SIMPLICIALITY  $\nearrow$   $G^{x2}$ -SYMMETRIC: PROPAGATE  $\lambda^{(0)} \equiv \lambda$   
SIMPLICIALITY by DECLARING  $d^{(n)}$   $G^{x2}$ -EQUIVARIANT

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^{(n)} : G^{x2} \times M_n \rightarrow M_n : ((a,b), h, k_1, k_2, \dots, k_n) \mapsto (\lambda((a,b), h), Ad_b(k_1), Ad_b(k_2), \dots, Ad_b(k_n))$$

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AUGMENTATION: SIMPLICIALITY  $\nearrow$   $G^{x2}$ -SYMMETRIC SIMPLICIALITY : PROPAGATE  $\lambda^{(0)} \equiv \lambda$  by DECLARING  $d^{(i)}$   $G^{x2}$ -EQUIVARIANT

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^{(n)} : G^{x2} \times M_n \rightarrow M_n : ((a,b), h, k_1, k_2, \dots, k_n) \mapsto (\lambda((a,b), h), Ad_b(k_1), Ad_b(k_2), \dots, Ad_b(k_n))$$

FURTHER NATURAL AUGMENTATION:  $G^{x2}$ -SYMMETRIC SIMPLICIALITY  $\nearrow$  SEMISIMPLE  $G^{x2}$ -SYMMETRIC SIMPLICIALITY (3xS)

$$\Rightarrow M_0 = G, M_1 \subset G \times \bigsqcup_{\lambda \in P_r(\mathfrak{g})} C_\lambda, M_n \subset G \times \bigsqcup_{\lambda \in P_r(\mathfrak{g})} \bigsqcup_{\mu \in P_r(\mathfrak{g})} \bigsqcup_{\delta \in \mathcal{D}_\delta^+} \mathcal{J}_\lambda^{\mu, \delta} [5] : \mathcal{J}_\lambda^{\mu, \delta} [5] \subset \times_{\tilde{\lambda} \in P_r(\mathfrak{g})^{x2}} C_{\lambda_i} \cap m^{-1}(C_\mu)$$



## 2) THE DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY (TENSORIAL BACKGROUND)

CANONICAL PHASE :  $g_k = \frac{k}{8\pi} \delta_{ab} \theta_L^a \otimes \theta_L^b$ ,  $H_k = -\frac{k}{48\pi} f_{abc} \theta_L^a \wedge \theta_L^b \wedge \theta_L^c$ ,  $k \in \mathbb{R}_+$

BACKGROUND

CARTAN-KILLING METRIC

CARTAN 3-FORM

$\implies$  WESS-ZUMINO-NOVIKOV-WITTEN  $\sigma$ -MODEL of 2d RCFT (EFFECTIVE LFT of SLOW SPINONS in G-SPIN CHAINS...)



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OBSERVATIONS: (\*)  $g_k$  &  $H_k$  ARE  $\lambda$ -INVARIANT

(\*\*) CONORMALISATION  $\Rightarrow (G^{x^2}, \lambda) \nearrow (LG^{x^2}, L\lambda)$  in WZNW

(\*\*\*)  $H_1$  GENERATES  $H^3(G, \mathbb{Z}) \simeq \mathbb{Z}$ !

DEMAND THAT  $L^{\lambda^{(0)}} (\curvearrowright \lambda^{(0)})$  PRESERVE (DGC) on  $G \times C_\lambda = Q_\lambda$  TO FIX

$$\omega_k|_{Q_\lambda} = e_k|_{Q_\lambda} - pr_2^* \omega_{k,\lambda}^a, \text{ where}$$

$$(m^* - pr_1^* - pr_2^*) H_k = -de_k \quad \text{POLYAKOV-WIEGMANN IDENTITY}$$

$$z_\lambda^* H_k = d\omega_{k,\lambda}^a \quad \text{TRIVIALISATION} \sim \partial$$

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QUESTION: WHAT about CURVATURE CONSTRAINT  $\tilde{\Delta}^{(2)} \omega_k = 0$  in  $G \times C_{\lambda_1} \times C_{\lambda_2}$ ?  
(CC)



'TECHNICAL' FACT:  $(CC)$  on  $T_n \xleftrightarrow{[RRS]} \mathcal{Q}_{k, \vec{\lambda}} \uparrow \int \prod_{i \in \mathbb{R} \times \{P_i\}^{n-1}} C_{\lambda_i} \sim m^{-1}(C_{\lambda_i}) = 0$   
 $\stackrel{\text{L}}{=} CS(\vec{\lambda}; \mu)$

STRAY OBSERVATION:  $CS(\vec{\lambda}; \mu)$  IS THE PHASE SPACE of ...

$$S_{CS|W}[\mathcal{A}, \{\gamma_i\}] = -\frac{k}{4\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{S}^2} \text{tr}_{\mathfrak{g}}(\mathcal{A} \wedge d\mathcal{A} + \frac{2}{3} \mathcal{A} \wedge \mathcal{A} \wedge \mathcal{A}) + k \sum_{i=1}^3 \int_{l_i}^{\lambda_3 = \mu} \text{tr}_{\mathfrak{g}}[\lambda_i (T_e \text{Ad}_{\gamma_i} \circ \mathcal{A} + \gamma_i^* \theta_L)]$$

TFT for  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{A} \text{ - PRINCIPAL CONNECTION 1-FORM} \\ \text{on TRIVIAL } P_G, \text{ with } \delta\text{-SOURCES} \\ \text{of CURVATURE } \omega \text{ the } l_i \equiv \mathbb{R} \times \{P_i\} \\ \gamma_i \in [\mathbb{R} \times \{P_i\}, G] \end{array} \right.$

3d CHERN-SIMONS TFT on  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{S}^2$   
 with WILSON LINES through  $P_1, P_2, P_3 \in \mathbb{S}^2$   
 [WITTEN & al.; GAWĘDZKI]

So  $\mathcal{Q}_{k, \vec{\lambda}}$  IS... ITS PRESYMPLECTIC FORM, PARTIALLY SYMPLECTICALLY REDUCED  
 w.r.t.  $\Gamma(\text{Ad} P_G) \rightarrow G$  À LA [ALEKSEEV-MALKIN]

'TECHNICAL' FACT:  $(CC)$  on  $T_n \xleftrightarrow{[RRS]} \Omega_{k, \vec{\lambda}} \Big| \sum_{\vec{\lambda} \in \mathbb{P}_i(G)^{n-1}} \times C_{\lambda_i} \cap m^{-1}(C_{\mu}) = 0$   
 $\subseteq CS(\vec{\lambda}; \mu)$

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&c  $\Omega_{k, \vec{\lambda}}$  IS... ITS PRESYMPLECTIC FORM, PARTIALLY SYMPLECTICALLY REDUCED  
 w.r.t.  $\Gamma(\text{Ad}_P G) \searrow G$  À LA [ALEKSEEV-MALKIN]

CONCLUSION: THE  $G$ -ORBITS  $\mathcal{J}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu} [S] \subset CS(\vec{\lambda}; \mu)$  ARE MAXIMAL FUSION-&-COHERENCE STRATA  
 (PHASE-STRIPPED)

FURTHER CONSTRAINTS COME FROM... (31)

### 3) THE HIGHER GEOMETRY

UN-OBSTRICTED & UNIQUE GEOMETRISATION of THE  $\lambda^{(k)}$ -INVARIANT SIMPLICIAL 3-FORM  $(H_k, \omega_k, 0)$

$\exists$  ONLY for  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$  :  
LEVEL

(\*)  $H_k = \text{curv} \left( \underset{\subseteq: G_k}{G_b^{\otimes k}} \right)$  for  $G_b$

THE GAJEWSKI-HITCHIN-MEINRENKEN  
BASIC GERBE

with  $\lambda_{(a,b)}^* G_b \cong G_b$



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(\*\*)  $\Phi_{k,\lambda} : d_0^{(m)*} G_k \equiv \text{pr}_1^* G_k \equiv \text{pr}_1^* G_k \otimes \text{pr}_2^* G_k \otimes \text{pr}_2^* G_k^\vee$

$\exists!$

$\mathcal{M} \otimes \text{id} \downarrow \simeq$   
 $m^* G_k \otimes I_{e_k} \otimes \text{pr}_2^* G_k^\vee \equiv$

MULTIPLICATIVE  
STRUCTURE

(SIMPLICIAL) CATEGORIFICATION of  $m$

$d_1^{(m)*} G_k \otimes I_{\omega_{k,\lambda}} \otimes \text{pr}_2^* G_k^\vee \otimes I_{\text{pr}_2^* \omega_{k,\lambda}^a}$   
 $\simeq \downarrow \text{id} \otimes \text{pr}_2^* \mathcal{J}_{k,\lambda}^{-1} \otimes \text{id}$   
 $d_1^{(m)*} G_k \otimes I_{\omega_{k,\lambda}}$

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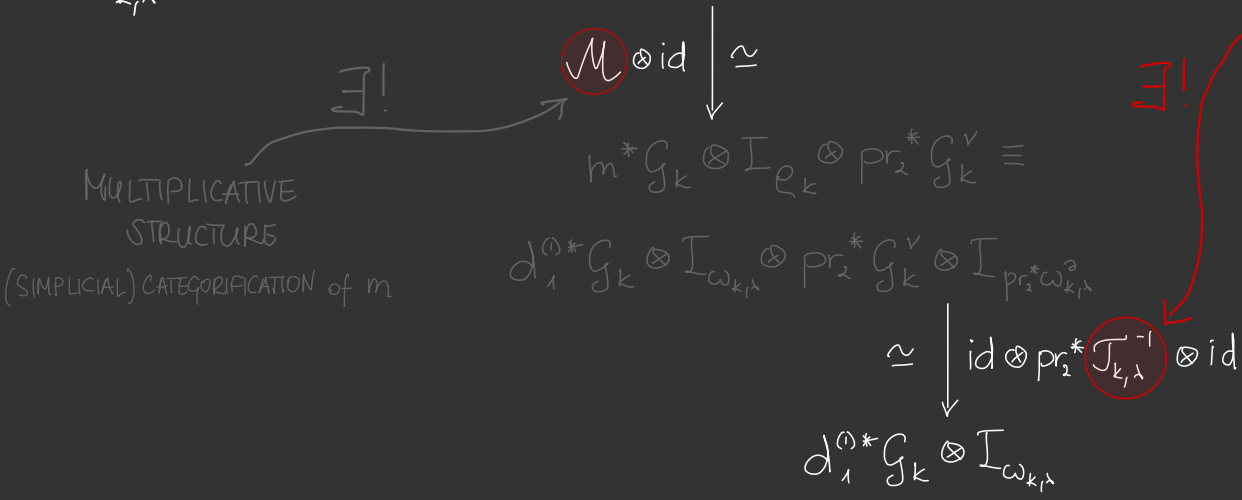
$\exists$  ONLY for  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$  :  
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THE CAWĘDZKI-HITCHIN-MEINRENKEN BASIC GERBE

with  $\lambda_{(a,b)}^* G_b \cong G_b$

(\*\*)  $\Phi_{k,\lambda} : d_0^{(n)*} G_k \cong pr_1^* G_k \cong pr_1^* G_k \otimes pr_2^* G_k \otimes pr_2^* G_k^v$



ONLY for  $\lambda \in P_+^k(\mathfrak{g})$   
FUNDAMENTAL AFFINE HEYL ALCOVE

$\Phi_k = \bigsqcup_{\lambda \in P_+^k(\mathfrak{g})} \Phi_{k,\lambda}$   
over

$Q = G \times \bigsqcup_{\lambda \in P_+^k(\mathfrak{g})} C_\lambda$

(\*\*\*)  $\exists \varphi_{n+1} \Big|_{G \times \mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]} \Leftrightarrow \exists \varphi_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]$  on  $\mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]$ , where

$$\varphi_{(\lambda_1, \lambda_2)}^{\mu}[\delta] : \text{pr}_1^* \mathcal{T}_{k, \lambda_1} \otimes \text{pr}_2^* \mathcal{T}_{k, \lambda_2} \Big|_{\mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]} \xrightarrow{\sim} (m^* \mathcal{T}_{k, \mu} \otimes \text{id}) \circ \mathcal{M} \Big|_{\mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]} \quad \text{etc.} \quad (\text{cp. [CAREY-WONG]})$$

(\*\*\*)  $\exists \varphi_{n+1} \Big|_{G \times \mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\wedge}[\delta]} \Leftrightarrow \exists \varphi_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\wedge}[\delta]$  on  $\mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\wedge}[\delta]$ , where

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UPSHOT: GERBE THEORY SELECTS  $M_n = G \times \bigsqcup_{(\vec{\lambda}, \mu) \in \mathcal{I}(n)} \bigsqcup_{\delta \in \Delta_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\wedge}} \mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\wedge}[\delta]$  with  $\mathcal{F}(n+1) \subset \mathbb{P}_+^k(\mathfrak{g})^{x_{n+1}}$   
 &  $\Delta_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\wedge} \subset \mathcal{D}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\wedge}$  SUCH THAT

$$\boxed{\exists \varphi_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\wedge}[\delta] !}$$

(\*\*\*)  $\exists \varphi_{n+1} \Big|_{G \times \mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]} \Leftrightarrow \exists \varphi_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]$  on  $\mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]$ , where

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 &  $\Delta_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu} \subset \mathcal{D}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}$  SUCH THAT

$$\exists \varphi_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta] !$$

HYPOTHESIS I:  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\vec{\lambda}, \mu) \in \mathcal{F}(n+1) \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{N}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu} \neq 0 \\ |\Delta_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}| = \mathcal{N}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu} \end{array} \right.$  VERBUNDE FUSION RULES

HINTS: (i)  $G = \text{SU}(2)$  ✓ [RUNKEL-RR]

(ii) FUNCTORIAL QUANTISATION of d WZNW  
[FRÖHLICH-FUCHS-RUNKEL-SCHWIEBERT]

(iii) CS vs bWZNW [WITTEN; QAMMEDZLI]

(\*\*\*)  $\exists \varphi_{n+1} |_{G \times \mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]} \Leftrightarrow \exists \varphi_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]$  on  $\mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]$ , where

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UPSHOT: GERBE THEORY SELECTS  $M_n = G \times \bigsqcup_{(\vec{\lambda}, \mu) \in \mathcal{F}(n)}$   $\bigsqcup_{\delta \in \Delta_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}} \mathcal{T}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta]$  with  $\mathcal{F}(n+1) \subset \mathcal{P}_+^k(\mathfrak{g})^{n+1}$   
 &  $\Delta_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu} \subset \mathcal{D}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}$  SUCH THAT

$$\boxed{\exists \varphi_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}[\delta] !}$$

HYPOTHESIS I:  $\int (\vec{\lambda}, \mu) \in \mathcal{F}(n+1) \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{N}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu} \neq 0$  VERLINDE FUSION RULES  
 $|\Delta_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}| = \mathcal{N}_{\vec{\lambda}}^{\mu}$  HINTS: (i)  $G = \text{SU}(2) \checkmark$  [RUNKEL-RRS]

- (ii) FUNCTORIAL QUANTISATION of d WZNW [FRÖHLICH-FUCHS-RUNKEL-SCHWEIGERT]
- (iii) CS vs bWZNW [WITTEN; GAWĘDZKI]

HYPOTHESIS II: d-PHASES  $\sim$  MOORE-SEIBERG FUSING MATRICES of WZNW

HINT:  $C_{\lambda_i} \in \mathbb{Z}(G) \checkmark$  [RUNKEL-RRS]

SUMMARY: SIMPLICIAL HIGHER-GEOMETRIC STRUCTURES over SIMPLICIAL CONFIGURATION FIBRES

MORAL: MODEL — UPON PULLBACK TO DEFECT-STRATIFIED SPACETIME  
of THE  $\sigma$ -MODEL — DYNAMICS ON SYMMETRY/DUALITY QUOTIENTS

$$"(M, g, G) / (Q, \mathbb{F})"$$

(FOR ACTUAL DESCENT, WE NEED TOPOLOGICALITY OF THE DEFECT. . .)

LONG SHOT: THE ABOVE IS THE EMERGENT GEOMETRY of THE TARGET SPACETIME  
AS PROBED with THE CHARGED ELEMENTARY CONFIGURATIONS (LOOPS)  
of THE  $\sigma$ -MODEL. (e.g., T-FOLDS)

## FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS :

- (i) CONSTRUCTION & CLASSIFICATION of PHASES & BOUNDARY DEFECTS FOR NON-1-CONNECTED LIE GROUPS [GAWEDZKI-REIS] (NON-ABELIAN BD's)
- (ii) CONSTRUCTION & CLASSIFICATION of WZNW PHASES OVER NON-ORIENTABLE  $\Sigma$  [SCHREIBER-SCHUBERT-WALDORF; GAWEDZKI-WALDORF-REIS]
- (iii) DUALITIES [RR]; NIKOLAUS-WALDORF; ...]
- (iv) CONSTRUCTIONS IN THE  $\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ -GRADED CATEGORY [DI FIORENZA-SATI-SCHREIBER-STASHEFF; RR]
- (v) GERBE-TWISTED EMERGENT SPECTRAL NCG [REQUAËL-RR]



## FUTURE DIRECTIONS:

(i) GAUGE PRINCIPLE for GROUPOIDAL SYMMETRIES  
(LOOP MECHANICS on FOLIATIONS) [COLLABO w/ STROBL]

(ii) T-DUALITY EXPLAINED via GAUGING  
(T-FOLDS) [COLLABO w/ LAZAROVI]

(iii) DEABELIANISATION of GERBES  
[COLLABO w/ LAZAROVI]



CECI  
(N')EST  
(PAS)  
LA FIN!